The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,232 New Series. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1884.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	FRIDAY.
— Assam	3038	500	S. F. Cole	28th Nov.
L. Parramatta	4759	900	C. Gadd	5th Dec.
M. Pekin	3900	600	A. Symons	12th „
L. Malwa	2959	500	A. W. Adamson	19th „
— Gwalior	2733	500	P. Harris	26th „
				1885.
L. Rosetta	3502	700	G. W. Brady	2nd Jan.
M. Venetia	2726	500	A. B. Daniell	9th „
L. Massilia	4911	1000	S. D. Shallard	16th „
— Nizam	2726	500	G. W. Atkinson	23rd „
L. Sutlej	4194	800	A. H. Johnson	30th „

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta, and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	On 1884.
PESHAWUR	3900	600	J. C. Babot	28th Nov.
TASMANIA	4500	800	C. Perrins	12th Dec.
HYDASPES	2984	500	G. Scriveuer	26th „
				1885.
BOKHARA	2944	500	H. Weighell	9th Jan.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O S N Company.
Bombay, Nov. 15, 1884.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *via* Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the Monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 27 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *via* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent :—
First Class Rs. 680. Second Class Rs. 370.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

G. F. JOHNSON,
Acting Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.
Bombay, Nov. 15, 1884.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 24th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy and Marseilles, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

	Tons.	H.P.		
ABYSSINIA*	3,600	400	on Monday,	1st Dec. 1884.
GIAVA*	3,600	400	on Thursday	1st Jan. 1885.

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days, to London via Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars, apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Sept. 1, 1884.

* No econd class accommodation.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE, *VIA* CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H,P.	To sail 1884
MEDUSA	G. Ragusin	3,500	550	29th Nov.
TITANIA	G. Doncich	4,000	6·0	29th Dec.
PANDORA	G. Mettel	3,500	550	29th Jan. 1885.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wines supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 1st and BRINDISI on the 3rd of each month.

The Company's steam launch will be in attendance at Apollo-bunder on the day of sailing to convey passengers and their luggage to the steamer, free of charge.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail 1884.
PANDORA	G. Mettel	3,500	550	28th Nov.

STEAM TO COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.

Steamer.	Captain	Tons	H.P.	To sail.
VORWAERTS	F. Egger	3,200	450	13th Dec.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars freight, passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church-gate-street Bombay, Oct. 1884.

CITY LINE.

THE first class steamer CITY of CARTHAGE, 2651 tons, will sail for LONDON on or about 9th December. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth cabins, baths, punkhas, &c., with every comfort for passengers.

This vessel is well-known as favourite passenger ship from Calcutta and has very superior accommodation.

For further particulars apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 15th November, 1884. Agents.

HIS HIGHNESS THE SULTAN OF ZANZIBAR'S LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN ZANZIBAR AND BOMBAY DIRECT.

H. H. the Sultan of Zanzibar's s. s. AVOCA will leave this for Zanzibar on MONDAY, the 1st proximo.

For freight and passage, apply to

ALLANA MUNJEE,
Agent, H. H. the Sultan of Zanzibar.
No. 57, Khoja Moholla, Mandvi, Bombay, 22d Nov. 1884.

"WERNETH HALL'S" GENERAL AVERAGE.

CONSIGNEES are requested to produce to the undersigned the receipts for deposit on account of contribution and receive refund as per statement.

EDWARD BATES & CO.,
Agents.
Elphinstone Circle, 24th November, 1884.

CONSIGNEES of cargo for steamer "Lucinda," from Middlesbro, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING with the delivery orders for our countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective Goods from alongside the ship without delay, otherwise it will be landed at the consignees risk and expense.

All chafed or damaged Goods must be surveyed before removal from the ship's deck. No claims will be admitted after the steamer leaves without bearing the Captain's countersignature.

CURSETJEE & EDULJEE, DUBASHES,
Agents, s. s. Lucinda.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

THOROUGHLY QUALIFIED INSPECTORS and SURVEYORS are REQUIRED. Apply to Chief Engineer, Poona, with copies of certificates and full information regarding last employment.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY is now prepared to supply arc and incandescent lights with all accessories; special portable machinery for temporary purposes. Lights erected and working in 48 hours for weddings and entertainments.

Estimates supplied for lighting streets, mills, railway stations, &c., by the most approved systems and at the lowest rates.

Lights from 20 to 0,000-candle power each. Apply to J. O. S[illegible]MORE, Mody Bay Works.

ANGLO-INDIAN SPINNING & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a GENERAL MEETING of Shareholders, resident in India, will be held at the Company's Office, 41, Rampart-row, on WEDNESDAY, the 3rd December, 1884, at 4-30 p. m. to transact the following business :—

1st. To elect a member of Committee in place of one who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
2nd. To elect Auditors and fix their remuneration.

By order of the Local Committee,
P. PEARSON,
Secretary in Bombay.
Bombay, 19th November, 1884.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASOCIATION, LIMITED.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments, in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

Fixed Deposits received to a limited extent on the following terms :—

6, 5½, 5, 3½ } per cent per annum subject to { 18 months, 12 „, 9 „, 6 „ } notice of withdrawal.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, [illegible]
8, Elphinstone Circle Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CANARA," 1,903 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 26th November, 1884, at 5 p. m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on MONDAY, 1st December, 1884, at 11 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Bahrein, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on 4th December, 1884.

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "COMMILLA," 872 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 26th November, 1884, at noon, calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandavie.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 2nd October, 1884. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NUTS TO CRACK.

KENTISH COB NUTS...	14 ans. per lb.
BRAZILS...	8 ans. per lb.
BARCELONAS...	8 ans. per lb.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

'XMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS AND NOVELTIES FOR PRESENTS, in great variety, now on view at the several establishments of

TREACHER & CO.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PRESERVED TASMANIAN RABBIT, EXCELLENT FOR CURRIES, PIES, OR RAGOUTS, 2lb. tins, Cash Re. 1-8.

TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MATERIAL FOR SERVANTS' CLOTHING.

STOUT BLUE WOOLLEN SERGE, 52 inches wide, from Rs. 1-8-0 per yard. Warm Twilled BLANKETING, 5 feet wide, Rs. 1-6-0 per yard. Broad-cloth and Fine Serges of various colors, also Grey Army Flannel.

For Samples apply to

THE ELGIN WOOLLEN MILLS COMPANY,
CAWNPORE.

KEMP'S POMMELO BITTERS. THE KING OF APPETIZERS.

Per Bottle Re. 1, and Re. 1-12.

Prepared only by
KEMP AND Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

KEMP & CO.'S PRIZE VEGETABLE SEEDS.

GUARANTEED IN PERFECT PRESERVATION.

BEETROOT, Rough Skin Red.
Do. Bassano, Turnip Rooted.
BORE COLE, Early White.
Do. Late White.
CARROT, Nantes, Early Scarlet, without Core.
Do. Carentan, Early Scarlet, without Core.
CELERY, Sandringham, Dwarf White.
Do. White Solid.
CABBAGE, Large York.
Do. Joan of Arc.
Do. Large Late Red.
Do. Early Dark Red Utrecht.
Do. Drumhead, Vertus.
Do. Savoy, Early Short.
CAULIFLOWER, Lemaitres.
LEEK, ROUEN, Large Winter.
Do. Long Winter.
LETTUCE, Drumhead or Malta.
Do. Blonde Paresseuse.
ONION, Yellow Trebons.
White Lisbon.
PARSLEY, Grey.
PEAS, White Wrinkled.
RADISH, Long Salmon.
Do. Olive Shape, Scarlet.
Do. Long, Scarlet.
Do. Olive Shape, Salmon.
TOMATOES.
TURNIP, Late Red Flat.
Do. Early French White, Stump Rooted.

In sealed bottles, each containing one ounce of Seed, from As. 6 per bottle.

SUTTON'S FLOWER SEEDS.

Each variety is in a convenient Packet, labelled with short description and directions for sowing. Every season's seeds are preserved by a patent process, and they are warranted to grow.

Per Packet from As. 4.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

INDIA-RUBBER TUBING.

PURE, perfectly elastic, and warranted the very best made. Sizes of interior diameter ¼ inch to 1 inch.

KEMP AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY.

SAINT RAPHAEL TANNIN WINE,

THE GREAT CONTINENTAL TONIC OF THE DAY.

HIGHLY recommended and largely prescribed for all suffering from Weakness and Debility.

For Patients recovering from Fever it is invaluable.

Per Bottle, Rs. 2-4. Per dozen, Rs. 25.

KEMP & Co., Limited,
7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.

FINEST TRICHINOPOLY TOBACCO.

			Rs.	A.
CHEROOTS	"Selected Mess"	per box of 100	2	0
do.	"Nobles"	„ „	2	0
CIGARS	"Planters No. 1"	„ „	2	4
„	"Planters No. 2"	„ „	2	0
„	"Beehive"	„ „	2	0
„	"Kemp's Special"	„ „	2	8

MANILLAS.

		Rs.	A.
No. 2 Cigars of selected brand	„ „	7	0
No. 2 Cheroots of selected brand	„ „	7	0

The above are all very Superior, and have been selected for us as mild and good in flavor, drawing well, and convenient in size and shape.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
FORT AND CUMBALLA HILL,
BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE MAP OF CHINA AND SEAT OF WAR IN THE FAR EAST.

Size, 36 inches × 30 inches.
Mounted on Cloth and Rollers.
COLOURED.
Price, Re. 1; postage, one anna.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart Row.

NOW READY

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT: TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER AT THE FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT, BEING A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*, WITH An Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively.

Price, 1 Re.; postage, 1 Anna.
Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A SERIES OF MEETINGS will be held (D. V.) And ADRESSES given by LORD RADSTOCK, WHILST STAYING IN BOMBAY.

ON WEDNESDAY, 26TH, a meeting will be held in the Free Church, Esplanade, at 8 p.m.

ON FRIDAY, 28TH, a meeting will be held in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. at 8-30 p.m.

ON SATURDAY, 29TH, a meeting will be held in the Free Church Institution, at 8 p.m. For English-speaking Natives.

TOWN HALL.

CONCERT.

WEDNESDAY, 26TH Nov., AT 9 P. M.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

1. TRIO.........Allegro.........Gade.
Violin.........Herr Schmuck.
Violincello.........Major Wickham.
Piano.........Miss Schmuck.
2. SONG.........The Raft.........Ciro Pinsuti
Mr. Hebditch.
3. VIOLIN SOLO...Ode à l'Amour Scène Chantante.........Willmers.
Herr Schmuck
4. SONG.........Laddie.........Ciro Pinsuti.
Mrs. Wickham.
5. PIANO SOLO..{(a) Berceuse (b) Valse}.........Chopin.
Miss Schmuck.
DUET.........Excelsior.........Balfe.
Mr. Dixon and Mr. Wyer.

PART II.

1. VIOLIN SOLO.........Csárdás.........Hauser.
Herr Schmuck.
2. SONG.........Will o' the Wisp.........Cherry.
Mr. Hebditch.
PIANO SOLO.........Caprice.........Raff.
Miss Schmuck.
4. SONG.........Ave Maria.........Gounod.
with Violin, Violincello, Harmonium and Pianoforte accompaniment.
Mrs. Wickham.
5. VIOLINCELLO SOLO.Nocturno.........Lachner.
Major Wickham.
. SONG.........Adelaide.........Beethoven.
Mr. Dixon.
7. QUARTETTE.....Mélodie Réligieuse.......Tours.
Violin.........Herr Schmuck.
Violincello.........Major Wickham.
Harmonium.........Mr. Johnston.
Piano.........Miss Schmuck.

ADMISSION.

Unreserved Seats......... Re. 1 each.
Numbered reserved seats......... Rs. 3
Plan at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

Books of the words—4 annas each, may be purchased at he door of the Hall on the evening of the performance.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1 each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

WANTED, a pair of Arab Horses, about 14-2, sound and quiet. Apply to "PURCHASER," care of this office.

OFFICE-SHIGRAM FOR SALE, light, strong, a good carriage. Rs. 125. Apply Fort Coach Factory, Mody-Bay.

A DOG-CART FOR SALE, light, strong, with hood. Rs. 150. Apply Fort Coach Factory, Mody-Bay.

COMFORTABLE PHAETONS and TONGA DAWKS for Mahableshwar, ready laid, at very moderate rates.—Peroshaw Burjorjee, Proprietor, Poona.

MAHABLESHWUR READY LAID DAK —Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

CHUBB'S SAFES, Writing, Cash, Paper and Key Boxes, Locks and Padlocks. Sole Agent in Bombay, Eduljee Pestonjee, 47 Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Illustrated Price-Lists free by post.

'XMAS and NEW YEAR CARDS in the latest and choicest designs from 1 anna to 5 Rupees each. Early inspection is invited.—BARTON and Co., Limited, Fort, Bombay.

NURSE, European, REQUIRED at once to proceed up-country. Apply GREEN and READ, Hamilton's Hotel.

TOYS, TOYS, TOYS, plain, clockwork, mechanical, electric, &c., a fresh supply for the season.—STEWARD & Co., Church-gate-street.

ARTISTIC RECREATION FOR ALL.—Lesson in Crystoleum and Metallicon Lustre Painting given by a Lady (Medalist) at 13, Rampart Row, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED, FANCY TWEEDS, COATINGS and SERGES for suits.—Y. A. LACKA & Co., Travelling Kit Warehouse, Hummum-street.

WANTED, in the Fort or Marine Lines, from the 1st December next, APARTMENTS for a Bachelor. Apply "LIG," care of this paper.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.—Very well treated, rooms and food good, hotel people most attentive.—JOHN QUINN, C.S., Commissioner, Lucknow.

PERAMBULATORS.—Single, double, with patent bicycle wheels and reversible handles and knuckle jointed hoods.—Pestonjee Sorabjee & Co., No. 33, Meadow-street.

WANTED, a thoroughly competent Carding and Spinning Master of long experience. Apply to the Coorla Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, at the Offices of Messrs. B. and A. Hormarjee.

TEMPLE BAR, Bombay, TOM SAYERS, MANAGER. BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, and DINNERS.

"TRIUMPH" FOLDING CHAIR—See Illustration and particulars in to-day's issue.—J NEUBERG.

OUR well-known VERMOUTH, ex Italian steamer "Abissinia," just landed. A few cases only. Apply INZOLI BROTHERS, 4 Hornby-row.

THE RAM BAGH TEA ESTATE, *via* Saharunpur, N. W. P. Flavoury tea always in stock. Terms favourable. Sample free on application.

CHILDREN'S WALKING BOOTS and SHOES, also lace kid and morocco house shoes, just to hand.—BADHAM, PILE & Co. (New Branch), Hornby Row.

LADIES' French Kid, Swede and Silk Gloves, in black and the newest colours. Gent's White Kid Gloves.—Mrs. Lake, 7, Church-gate-street, Fort, Bombay

JUST RECEIVED by s.s. Pekin, fine MALTA GRAPES at Re. 1 per Bombay seer.—WITTOBA & CARRIMBHOY, Crawford Market, Stalls No. 69 and 70.

FALLODYNE.—A purely vegetable preparation charmingly sharpens the memory cures forgetfulness Re. 1-8 per bottle at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co., Ld.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Bombay, were the only firm who obtained a Prize Medal for Billiard Balls at the Calcutta Exhibition.

BREAKFAST CLARET at Rs. 11-8 per dozen, as used at the clubs, imported from Nathaniel Johnston and Sons, Bordeaux, by PHIPSON & Co.

SPECIALITIES!—Just arrived new Tweeds, new Angolas, all wool, thoroughly shrunk, from Rs. 20 per suit, net. Nansee Khyraz & Co., 13, Meadow-street.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS—Albums, Ladies' Plush and Leather Bags, Purses, Portmonnaies, &c, dressed and undressed Dolls, Bon Bons, &c.,—PEARSE.

AT Dr. Gama's, Girgaum, near R. C. Chapel, a second-hand BROUGHAM in thorough repair with a fast horse, Rs. 650; also a strong showy Polo Pony Rs. 125.

JOHN MOHOMED, 11, Medow-street, Fort, has just received his New Stock of Diagonal Coatings and Tweed Suitings in all the latest Styles and Colours. Inspection solicited.

£6,277,986-3-0 STG. is the amount of the Invested Funds of the Standard Office. New Assurances last financial year £1,300,000.

MOFUSSIL Co., Ld.—WANTED an ASSISTANT to the CHIEF AGENT. Apply by letter to Head Office, stating salary required. Only those having a thorough knowledge of cotton business need apply.

TRICYCLES!!! Just received another consignment of splendid Coventry Machines, with ball bearings, patent band brake, and other latest improvements.—H. A. GEYER & Co., Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED by s. s. Manila, gold pebble spectacles, Rs. 18; steel, Rs. 8. Long experience and qualifications for adjusting proper number need not be commended.—A. N. Daver, No. 7, Meadow-street.

A LADY residing in Clifton wishes the charge of 2 or 3 children who could attend school if desired; liberal and well appointed home; 2 months at sea-side in summer. Full particulars on application to A. Z., care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

READY LAID DAWK between Belgaum and Vengurla. Good and comfortable Tongas can be had ready at any time, cheap and short journey of thirteen hours in Rupees twenty-five.—Muncherjee & Co., Dawk Agents, Camp Belgaum.

COLOURED COTTON CHECKS and Stripes for Jharan Suits and Horse Clothing. The Muir Mills Company, Limited, Cawnpore, have a stock of the above in a variety of patterns. Samples and prices on application to the MANAGER AND SECRETARY.

TO CAPITALISTS.—A safe investment in Panchgani Four well furnished Bungalows known as the Four Cottages, centrally situated in an extensive compound with a well. For particulars apply to Mr. R. Royal, Igutpuri, or Mr. Nasserwanjee Dossabhoy, Merchant and House Agent, Mahableshwar.

THE BEST CHRISTMAS CARDS in Bombay are at PEARSE'S, Apollo-street. Personally selected in London by J. PEARSE.

CHAS. LETTS & CO.'S ANGLO-INDIAN DIARIES FOR 1885

Folio Size—	Stiff Boards, Plain, Interleaved or ruled for Dr. & Cr. Accs., two or three days to the page	...From As. 14 to Rs 2
„	Cloth Boards „ „	...From Re. 1-8 to Rs. 2
4 to „	Stiff Boards, Interleaved and ruled for Cr. and Dr. Accs.	...From Re. 1-2 to Re. 1-12
„ „	Cloth „ „ „	...From Re. 1-2
8 vo. „	Stiff Boards, Plain, Interleaved and ruled for Dr. & Cr. Accs., two or three days to the page	...From As. 10 to Re. 1-12
„ „	Cloth „ „ „	...From As. 10 to Rs. 2

SPECIAL AGENTS,

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

DRESS SUITS.

"As now worn."

SUPERIOR FIT AND FINISH.

	Rs.
Thin Black West of England Broad Cloth	75
Ditto ditto lined Rich Silk	85
A Speciality.—The lightest cloth made, Fine Black Indiana	100
The New Temple, Lytton, and Richeleau Invisible Twilled Cloths, very Elastic, Thin, and with little Gloss, lined Rich Satin throughout, the latest introductions	100 to 120

SPECIAL CASH DISCOUNT—2 annas in the Rupee (*equal to 12½ per cent.*)

HOAR & CO., { TAILORS, } BOMBAY.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR

Have always on hand a good assortment of "TOILET REQUISITES," comprising :

SOAPS,	PERFUMES,	POMADES,
TOOTH POWDERS,	EAU DE COLOGNE,	HAIR WASHES,
TOOTH PASTE,	TOILET VINEGAR,	HAIR BRUSHES,
TOOTH BRUSHES,	RAZORS,	NAIL BRUSHES,
BATH GLOVES,	STROPS,	CLOTHES BRUSHES

And other articles too numerous to detail.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

RICHARDSON AND CRUDDAS, GENERAL ENGINEERS, FOUNDERS, CONTRACTORS, AND METAL MERCHANTS

BYCULLA IRON WORKS & METAL MART—PAREL ROAD, BYCULLA, BRANCH FACTORY & STORES—NESBIT-ROAD, MAZAGON, } BOMBAY.

CORRESPONDING FIRM—CRUDDAS AND HEWETT, LONDON.

SOLE AUTHORIZED MAKERS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY OF BULL'S DREDGERS and IRON WORK for Brick Kilns.
CRAWFORD'S RURAL PRIVIES, WALTON'S PRIVIES AND LATRINES, HORBURY'S PRIVIES, AND CROWLEY'S SANITARY CARTS.
HOWARD'S VENTILATORS, KLEINKNEICHT'S COTTON OPENERS.
STONEY'S EXCAVATORS AND LIME SCREENS, THOMSON AND MYLNE'S SUGAR MILLS, &c.

IRON CASTINGS with our two Foundries up to 30 tons weight daily.
BRASS, GUN METAL AND PHOSPHOR, BRONZE CASTINGS, made to order.
WROUGHT-IRON FORGINGS from Best Brands, forged under Steam-Hammers.
IRON BRIDGES, GIRDERS, ROOFS and other Structural Iron Work designed, manufactured and erected in any part of India.

IMPORTERS OF MACHINERY AND HARDWARE OF ALL KINDS.

WE have always in stock Bar, Plate and Sheet Iron of all brands, Plain and Corrugated Galvanized Iron Sheets, Roof Fittings, Portable and Stationary Engines and Boilers, Lathes Planing Machines, Saw Benches, Punching and Shearing Machines; Mortar Mills, Pulsometers Centrifugal and Lift and Force Pumps, Fire Engines, Crab Winches, Cast, Wrought-Iron and Stoneware Pipes, Wire Fencing and Gates, Leather, India-rubber and Tanned Canvas Hose Silicate Paint and Duresco, Calvert's (15 per cent. acid) Carbolic Powder and Sanitas Powde Fire Bricks and Clay, Portland Cement, Asphalte, &c.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES AND PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

LAWN TENNIS,

JUST UNPACKED,

ANOTHER LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF AYRES' CELEBRATED BATS.

As used in best English Tournaments. As used in best American Tournaments.

Weights, 11 ozs. to 17 ozs.

B. PHILLIPS & CO.,
TEMPLE HOUSE, POONA, and 17, CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY.

KERR'S PATENT PORTABLE RAILWAY.

LOCOMOTIVES, WAGONS, TURNTABLES, &c., &c.

ESTIMATES furnished, and contracts undertaken for laying lines complete, including the supply of all Permanent Way Material and Rolling Stock.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND LICENCEES,

DICK KERR AND CO.,
LONDON AND GLASGOW.

Catalogues, Prices and full particulars on application to

JOHN FLEMING & CO.,
Bombay, 1st November, 1884 Agents.

COUGH, COLD, ASTHMA.

USE MADON'S VEGETABLE, RELIABLE, PLEASANT, NEVER-FAILING PULMONIC BALM.

TESTIMONIALS :—
"Your Balm works wonders."
"A few doses, and the child was much better."
"Found it most efficacious."
"Invaluable remedy for affections of the Lungs."
"Thanks; no repetition of attacks."
&c., &c., &c.

To be had at
COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

FOR SALE, MANILLA and OILED COIR ROPE and CORDAGE, Apply to

OWEN & OKELL,
Agents to W. H. HARTON & Co., Calcutta,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

THE MUIR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, CAWNPORE.

MILITARY DRILLS.

WHITE DRILLS FOR THE CLOTHING OF EUROPEAN TROOPS.

KHAKI DRILLS, yarn or piece dyed, in approved shades for native Troops. Samples and patterns on application to the Managing Director or to the Company's Agents, Messrs. W. WATSON and Co., Apollo-street, Bombay.

IMPERIAL ICE COMPANY.

CHEAP ICE, CHEAP ICE.

THE above Company have commenced to produce Ice of Filtered Vehar Water at their Factory, opposite Sir J. J. Hospital, and Ice can now be obtained at the rate of
3 pice per lb. retail.
2 annas per 3 lbs. wholesale at the following places :—
CHIEF DEPOT Factory, opposite Sir J. J. Hospital.
PYDHOWNEE, near the Fire Brigade Station.
DHOBIE TALAO, opposite Dr. Lisboa's Dispensary.
FORT, near the Gunbhawa well.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yards (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

WATCHES! WATCHES!! WATCHES!!!

NONE BETTER! NONE CHEAPER!!

THE ever-increasing demand has proved the superiority of the KANNY WATCHES over any others offered for even higher prices.

KANNY & CO.
WATCH-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, ETC.
No. 9, Meadow-street, Bombay.

43, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. 1, EAST STREET, POONA.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS AND CO.

IN submitting to their numerous Constituents and the Public in general an Abstract of their Stock, beg respectfully to state that every department is replete with Goods of the Highest Class, and all who are desirous of investing their money in really substantial articles are respectfully invited to visit their Establishment.

CHAINS—Ladies' Neck Chains. Watch Chains, Gold or Silver. An Endless Variety to Choose from. Conical Pantascopic Spectacles by Dr. Menist.
MONOGRAMS, Mottoes, Crests, etc. artistically Designed and Engraved on Lockets, Rings, Watches, etc., Motto Guard Rings.
ANEROID Barometers, by Dr. Menist. Arostic Rings, American Clocks.
RACING Watches, Reading Glasses. Riding Spectacles by Dr. Menist.
CHRONOMETERS, Chronographs, Copper-plate Engravers.
KEEPER Rings, Keyless Watches, Kettles, (Electro-plate.)
SCARF Pins, Scarf Rings, Ship Chronometers, Steel Chains' Sugar Basins, (Electro-plated)
ARMY and Navy Clocks, and Watches Specially Recommended. Amber Jewellery.
NICKEL Silver Watches, Necklets, Napkin Rings.
DIAMONDS, Diamond Rings, Brooches, Studs, Earrings, Ear Studs, Dearest Rings. Die, Sinkers.
CALENDAR Watches, Clocks of every Description, Cup-eye Protectors by Dr. Menist.
OPEN Faced Watches, Ornamental Goods, Ormulu Clocks.
MENIST'S Celebrated Spectacles and Eyeglasses, Fieldglasses, Binoculars.
PIANOS, by Schiedmayer and Soehne, and John Brinsmead & Sons. Pearl Necklets
ALL Gold Motto Rings, Alberts of Gold and Silver, Aluminium Watches.
NON. Pressure Folders by Dr. Menist, no one requiring these, should purchase others.
YEAR (New) Gifts. We invite all to inspect our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.
WEDDING Gifts, Watch Keys, Wedding Rings. Waiters, well worth inspection.
ARTISTIC Engravers and Die sinkers, acknowledged to be unequalled in Bombay.
TIME-PIECES, Thermometers, Telescopes, "Turnpin" Spectacles by Dr. Menist.
CHURCH, Tower, Station, Mill, Clock makers, Claret Jugs. Charns.
HIGHLY Finished Presentation Goods, Highest Awards Obtained.
MARINE Watches, Musical Boxes, Mizpah Rings, Masonic Rings, Mourning Rings, Mugs.
ALBERTS, Ladies and Gentlemens Gold Silver, and Aluminium. Acrostic Rings.
KEEPER Rings, of various sizes, Highly Finished.
ELECTRO (Triple) Plate Ware of the Best Description and Finish Engagement Rings.
RIDING Whips, (with Watches) "Reversed Conical Pantascopic" Spectacles by Dr. Menist,' Regard Rings.
SINGING Birds (Mechanical) Suites of Studs, Silver Jewellery, Snuff Boxes, Stopwatches, Spirit Flasks, Souvenir Rings.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION.

RUPEES 1,650.

A GOLD WATCH AND A GOLD CHAIN.

AN extra strong 18-carat gold plain case, keyless Hunting, Half Chronometer, Minute Repeater, 10 holes Jewelled, Compensation Balance, Double Roller Escapement, Brequet Spring, adjusted in positions and temperature, WATCH by A. R. TREWINNARD, London,

WITH

A heavy 18-carat Gold Hall-marked ALBERT CHAIN of Hunting Pattern, is peculiarly adapted for Sporting Gentlemen and Presentation, being characteristic of the chase. It has been much admired and is made in solid gold, 14 tolas in weight, full size. Few Chains equal it in beauty.

EDULJEE PESTONJEE,
CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
47, Parsee Bazaar-street, Fort, Bombay.

COOPER, MADON & CO., Ld.,
HAVE ALWAYS IN STOCK

	Rs.	as.
Allcock's Porous Plaster	0	10
Allcock's Belladonna Plaster	0	10
Fellow's Syrup of Hypophosphites...Re. 1-12 &	2	8
Grimault's Syrup Lime	1	4
Lalor's Phosphodyne	2	0
Jayne's Expectorant	2	0
DeJongh's Cod-liver Oil	1	2
Eno's Fruit Salt	1	6
Seigel's Syrup	1	8
Allen's Hair Restorer	2	8
Swiss Condensed Milk	0	7
Bishop's Citrate of Magnesia...Re. 0-10 &	1	6
Bravai's Dialysed Iron...Re. 1-12 &	2	8
Gayetty's Medicated Papers	1	2

COOPER, MADON & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BAY RUM AND GLYCERINE HAIR WASH

POSSESSES wonderfully stimulating properties, and promotes the growth of the Hair without injury to the skin.

Price Rs. 2 and Rs. 3-8 per bottle.

ERASMUS WILSON'S HAIR WASH,

Prepared from the formula of the late Professor Wilson. An excellent remedy for preventing the Hair falling off.

Price Rs. 2-4 per bottle.

LIMEJUICE AND GLYCERINE

Effectually cleanses the skin of the Head and promotes the growth of the Hair.

Per bottle 14 as. and Re. 1-4

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.
Telephone No. 132.

IODISED SARSAPARILLA.

THE extraordinary efficacy of this combination as a BLOOD PURIFIER and RESTORER cannot be too highly estimated. In the treatment of all kinds of diseases arising from impurities in the blood it is invaluable.

Price per bottle, Re. 1-8.

TARAXACUM AND PODOPHYLLIN

have a beneficial action on the Liver, and effectually dispels drowsiness, headache, flatulence, &c., arising from any derangement of the liver or spleen. In bottles at Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

ELIXIR CASCARA SAGRADA

has had a long and favourable reputation as a Laxative and Tonic.

It gives relief in cases of habitual Constipation.

Re. 1-8 per bottle.

ELIXIR OF PEPSINE, BISMUTH AND NUX VOMICA.

This preparation is a combination of three useful remedies in a most palatable form, and will be found very efficacious in cases of Indigestion and Dyspepsia.

Per bottle, Rs. 2.

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY.

THOMSON & TAYLOR
HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND

LACTOPEPTINE

For Indigestion and Dyspepsia.
Price, Rs. 2-8 per bottle.

MELLIN'S FOOD.

Small Bottles.........Re. 0 14
Large Bottles.........Re. 1 8

TARASP WATER.

As. 14 per bottle. Rs. 9 per doz.

HUNYADI JANOS WATER.

As. 14 and Re. 1-4 per bottle.

TIDMAN'S SEA-SALT.

Per box of 7 lbs. As. 14.

AIR PILLOWS & CUSHIONS,

From Rs. 4-8 to Rs. 10.

SILK ELASTIC STOCKINGS

And all other articles in this material.

GAYETTY'S MEDICATED PAPER,

Packets containing 500 Sheets, each Re. 1-4.

CHEAVIN'S RAPID FILTERS.

No.	000	00	0	1	2
Rs.	7-8	9-8	12-8	17-8	24-8
Capacity	½ gall.	1½ gall.	2½ galls.	3½ galls.	5 galls.

SUPERFINE VIOLET POWDER.

Warranted free from any metallic or other substance likely to prove injurious to health.

Per tin, As. 10 and Re. 1.

PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICALS

of all descriptions, Pure and Reliable.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

THE FASHIONABLE EVENING RESORT.
AN UNPARALLELED INSTANCE OF POPULARITY.
THE PUBLIC AMAZED AT THE BRILLIANCY OF THE ENTERTAINMENT.
Presented by the Renowned and only HUDSON'S HUDSON'S
SURPRISE PARTY, SURPRISE PARTY,
SURPRISE PARTY, SURPRISE PARTY.
The Donators of Mirth and Music.
OUR NEW PROGRAMME A HUGE SUCCESS,
Which will be repeated
TO-NIGHT, FOR THE LAST TIME.

NOTICE.

The Distinguishing Characteristics of this Novel Entertainment are Originality, Versatility, Refinement, and happy combination of Humour and Pathos, and its combined and

LONG-CONTINUED SUCCESS

incontestably proves that

A GOOD ENTERTAINMENT IS THE BEST ADVERTISEMENT

SLOCUM'S DOG (his Last Appearance To-night).

Smiling begins at 9.

Admission, Rs. 3, 2, 1, and annas 8. Children half price. Soldiers and Sailors in uniform half price to Second and Third Seats only. Reserved Seats secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., *Ld.* Private boxes to hold four, Rs. [illegible] Doors open at 8-15; Commence at 9. Carriages at 11.

T. HUDSON, Proprietor and Manager.
W. G. ALLAN, Business Agent.

NOTICE.

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.
TO-MORROW EVENING,
GREAT ATTRACTIONS.

TO LET with immediate possession, an upper-storied commodious BUNGALOW in Byculla, with a very large compound. For rent and other particulars, apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

TO BE LET from 1st December next, for about a year certain, a very desirable BUNGALOW in Marine Lines, facing the sea on the west side. For rent and other particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

S.S. RYDAL HALL ARRIVED 25TH NOV, 1884.

CONSIGNEES are requested to TAKE DELIVERY of their cargo from the Prince's Dock. Chafed or broken packages must be surveyed before removal, otherwise no claim will be admitted.

Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into consignees' boats, and if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in boats at steamers' option at their risk and expenses.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 25th November, 1884.

THE undersigned is prepared to receive tenders for the work of FOUNDATIONS and PLINTH of the new quarters for the Cathedral Chaplains at Bombay.

Plans and specifications can be seen and forms of Tender obtained on application at the office of the undersigned.

Tenders duly signed, sealed and endorsed to be delivered at the office of the undersigned upto 1 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, the 10th of December, 1884.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

MUNCHERJEE C. MURZBAN, C.E.
Executive Engineer Presidency.
Bombay, 25th November, 1884.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

धी बांब बरमा ट्रेडीग कारपोरेशन लिमीटेड.

ધી બાંમબે બરમા ટ્રેડીંગ કારપોરેશન લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Corporation will be held at the offices of the Corporation, No. 4 Elphinstone Circle, on THURSDAY, the 11 Dec. 1884, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon for the following purposes :—

I. To receive and consider the report of the Directors and the audited accounts for the year ending 31st May last.
II. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
III. To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation.
IV. To elect auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board of Directors,
WALLACE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.
Bombay, 25th November, 1884.

IN accordance with Section 108 of the Articles of Association, the Books of the above Corporation are open for the inspection of the Shareholders at the office of the Corporation on and after Thursday, the 27th instant.

WALLACE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Managers.

DYSENTERY! DIARRHŒA!!

COMPOUND ESSENCE OF INDIAN BAEL-FRUIT.

A NEW but specific and unfailing remedy for acute and chronic Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and Bowel Complaints. It is chiefly composed of Indian Bael-Fruit Essence and other Medicines recommended for the cure of these Diseases.

Per bottle As. 8, 14, and Re. 1-8.

COOPER, MADON AND Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ABDOMINAL BELTS

For Wearing during and after Pregnancy.

		Rs.	a.
All Elastic, stout Thread to draw on, No. 1		6	0
Do. do. do. No. 2		7	0
No. *a*.	Double stout Cantils Lady's Belt, to lace at back	3	12
Do. *b*.	do. do. long bands to draw on	3	12
Do. *c*.	do. do. expanding back regulated by buttons	4	0
Do. *d*.	do. Satteens do. do. do.	4	8
Do. 1	do. do. Two braces to buckle in front to draw on	7	0
Do. 2.	do. do. do. do. lace band round belt.	7	8
Do. 3.	do. do. expanding back regulated by buttons to draw on.	6	0
Do. 4.	do. do. do. do. do. to lace.	8	0
Do. 5*b*.	do. do. do. front and side bands to buckle and draw up	8	0
Do. 5.	Drab Satin, scarlet flannel front and side, to button in front	7	0
Do. 6.	Best Moleskin, &c., as No. 3	8	8
Do. 6*a*.	do. do. do. do. 4	9	8
Do. 7.	White-thread elastic woven front to draw on	8	8
Do. 10.	Pink Silk do. do. do. to lace	12	8
Do. 12.	White Pearl Silk do. do. do.	15	0
Do. 13.	New Improved Washable Belt, elastic, can be taken out	9	8
Do. 17.	Plated stiffening	7	8

☞ Telephone No. 30.

COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY, EVENING Nov. 25.

THE rate of discount in London in the open market is still quoted at 3½ per cent., and Consols remain unchanged at 100⅞ whilst 4 per cent. Rupee Paper is quoted ⅛ lower, French Rentes in Paris, however, are ⅛ higher at 108⅓.

In the General Produce markets, Linseed is dull and 3d. to 6d. lower, Rapeseed flat and also 6d. per quarter down. Wheat is unchanged.

The Liverpool Cotton market yesterday closed quiet except for Surats which were firm. The day's sales were estimated at 12,000, comprising 2,500 Surats, spot prices being unaltered all round although Amerians to arrive are quoted 1-32d. to 3-64d. lower. In Havre Good Omra is quoted 2f? Good Broach 1 fc higher. From New York ready Cotton comes unaltered, but futures are 11 points higher at 10·71 cents for March. The receipts at the U. S. ports to date show the following comparisons :—

	1884.	1883.	1882
Two day's receipts	50,000	45,000	54,000
Six days' do.	94,000	74,000	99,000
Total since 1st Sept	2,298,000	2,262,000	2,267,000

The market here to-day has again been dull in the extreme. The rise in New York futures renders sellers rather firmer, but buyers in the absence of any improvement in offers from home are no nearer business, and we have not accordingly heard of a single transaction of any importance. Nominal rates for new Cotton are :—

Good Broach March .... Rs. 219
„ Oomra „ 191
„ Dholera April 190
„ Bengal December 153

WHEAT is dull and unaltered.

LINSEED is again weaker and the ready price is now Rs. 61-3 per cwt.

FREIGHTS are decidedly firmer especially for near loading, there being now only one disengaged steamer in harbour. For December loading a steamer is reported fixed at 18s.9d. U. K. or continent and for Liverpool. Wheat has been booked at 13s.9d. The unchartested tonnage to arrive is limited and thel east improvement in any of our leading exports would probably lead to a distinct advance in freights.

IMPOTS.—Piece-goods show no movement of any importance either way. About an average business is passing at previous prices. Coals continue firm, but with nothing doing as there is nothing on the way for the market.

EXCHANGE has aaled quiet and rather easier The banks, however do not reduce their buying rates forward ho thre is very little business passing, as ready bills are few. We quote at the close to-day :—

Bank Bills on demand .... 1s. 7¼. to 5-32d per rupee
Do. Telegraphic........ 1. 7-1-16 „ 3-32 „
Do. 3 months Light.. 1. 7 9-32 „ „
Credits 3 „ „ 1. 7-7-16 „ „
Francs 3 „ „ 2. 0-5 „ „

GOVERNMENT PAPER is a trifle easier in tone. Fours have receded to Rs. 100⅛, but Fours-and-a-half are still worth Rs. 102¾.

SHARES in a general way are steady. In Spinning and Weaving Companies quotations are mostly Rs. 5 higher. Press Companies are also firm. Bombay-Burmah Trading Company's. shares are Rs. 25 higher.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE ship Antoinette, 1,118 tons, Captain R M Ferguson, will sail to-day for Chittagong in ballast.

THE steamer Lisnacriene, 1,830 tons, Captain J Williams, sailed yesterday for Marseilles, with a general cargo.

THE Anchor Line steamer Scindia, 416 tons, Captain S Abrey, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kurrachee (22nd Nov.), with a general cargo and 29 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Commilla, 549 tons Captain J B Macfadyen, will sail to-day for Kattywar, Coast and Kurrachee, with a general cargo, and 62 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Kangra, 1,479 tons, Captain J Stone, sailed yesterday for London via Kurrachee, &c, with a general cargo, and Sub-Inspector G Ruggles, and fifteen deck passengers.

THE steamer Iran, 108 tons, Nacoda, arrived in harbour on the 24th instant from Bhownuggur, with a general cargo and 110 deck passengers. She will sail to-day for the same port, with a general cargo and 60 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Secundra, 1,691 tons, Captain K Macaulay, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Captain and Mrs Welch, Mr W Arnott, Mr G Davitt, Revd Mr L Mohona and 70 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Rydal Hall, 1,737 tons, Captain T H S Millard, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool (30th Oct.), with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr and Mrs C. Marsh, Mrs Lely, Mr and Miss Craddock, Mrs Kirkwood and two infants, Lieut-Col M C Morris, Lieut F G Delamain, Lieut W E Bunbury, Mr Geo Watson, Captain H P Young, Mr S M Fraser, Mr C D Panisty, Mr and Mrs W W Baker, Revd and Mrs Oldham, Miss C L Fenton, Mr C B Izon, Mr J W Hooper, Mr J F Finch, Mr H M O'Kelly, and Mr [illegible]d.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander	From.
24	Iron (s)	Nacoda (s)	Bhownuggur, Nov23
25	Scindia (s)	Abrey	Kurrachee, Nov. 22.
	Secundra (s)	Macaulay	Calcutta, Oct. 25.
	Rydal Hall (s)	Millard	Liverpool, Oct. 30.

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
25	Colombo (s)	Husson	Marseilles.
	Kangra (s)	Stone	London &c.
	Lisnacriene (s)	Williams	Marseilles.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearance yesterday :—
Ship Antoinette, Ferguson, to Chittagong.
Steamer Commilla, Macfadyen, to Kattywar, Coast and Kurrachee.
Steamer Iron, Nacoda, to Bhownuggur.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Mecca, to Zanzibar &c.
„ Peshawur, to China &c.
„ Henry Balckow, to Persian Gulf.
„ Rydal Hall, to Malta and Liverpool.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Nov.
20 Clan Macfarlane..Ewen ....Cape Town, Sept. 29.
Imberhorne ....Mallandaine.. Singapore, Oct. 3.
Idomene ....Johnson ....New York, June 18.
Breadalbane ....Ray ....Liverpool, July 21.
Boyne ....Hatch ....Philadelphia, Aug. 6.
Osprey ....Black ....Saigon, Oct. 8.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 20.—Steamers Wing Sang, City of Canterbury and Japan. Ship Calistoga.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 24rd November, 1884.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·905
Temperature of the Air	79·9
Wet Bulb Thermometer	71·8
Dew Point	68·3
Relative humidity of Air	·686
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded—8)..	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.) ..	87·2
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)...	72·9
General Direction of Wind*	N, NE, ENE, NW, NNW, N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	214

* From midnight to midnight.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 24.

Barnes, Colonel, Bengal, P.W.D., from leave, from England.
Fasken, Lieut., 2nd Sikh Infantry, from leave, from England.
Addison, Captain, R. E., from leave, from England.
[illegible], on duty, from Kamptee.

NOVEMBER 25.

Bell, Captain, 20th Bombay N.I., on duty, from Poona.
Young, Captain, Staff Corps, from leave, from England.
Welch, Captain, Staff Corps, on duty, from Trevandrum.
Hore, Major, on leave, from Poona.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 25.

Bishop, Lieut., Gloscestershire, from leave, to Deolalee.
Ruggles, Sub-Inspector, Army Educational Dept., on duty, to Aden.
Fasken, Lieut., 2nd Sikh Infantry, from leave, to Abbottabad.
Young, Captain, Staff Corps, on duty, to Poona.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut.-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Comdt, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, November 26, 1884.

C. Company will commence class-firing on Thursday next-the, 27th inst. All members are requested to complete their class-firing as soon as possible. Members going to class-fire who are at the Bori Bunder station at 5-15 a. m. Bombay time and at Byculla station at 5-30 a. m. Bombay time will have their fares paid to Coorla and back; those coming after will have to pay their own fares. Members going to Coorla for practice who are at the above stations at the time stated will be supplied with passes enabling them to travel 2nd class by paying 3rd class fare. Members are requested to send to Head quarters for their ammunition, there being none on the range. Members of A., B., and D. Companies are requested to send to Serjeant Major Abbott, and members of C., E., and F Companies to Serjeant Instructor J. Walch.

Vol. W. T. Plimmer, B. Company, is attached to H. Company for drills, &c., from this date, and until further orders.

Vol. W. Boyd, D. Company, is granted leave for three months from the 1st November, 1884.

Bugler H. S. Luke is promoted Corporal from this date.

By order
A. H. ATKINSON, Captain.
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 14, RAMPART-ROW
OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.

DEFECTIVE OR FAILING SIGHT.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED].

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

FOSTER—November 20, at Beaconsfield House, Richmond, Surrey, the wife of G. H. Foster, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Nimar, C. P., of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CAMPBELL—November 17, at Dera Ismail Khan, the wife of Captain W. M. Campbell, Royal Artillery, of a daughter.
GODFREY—November 14, at Ghazipur, the wife of Mr. J. R. C. Godfrey, Assistant, Opium Factory, of a daughter.
MILLAR—November 19, at Tanjore, the wife of A. P. Millar, of a son.
OSBORNE—November 20, at Aligarh, the wife of A. W. Osborne, of a daughter.
THOMPSON—November 17, at Rawulpindi, the wife of Mr. D. W. Thompson, Inspector of Schools, Rawulpindi Circle, of a daughter.
WILLIAMSON—November 18, at Chakrata, the wife of Captain R. Williamson, Northumberland Fusi iers, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

TRISSCOTT—PRENDERGAST—November 17, at Morar by the Rev. E. M. Beasley, C. P. Triscott, Esq., Roya Artillery, to Catherine May, daughter of Colonel M. M Prendergast, Commandant, 4th Bengal Cavalry.

DEATH.

COLE—November 18, at Ajmere, Violet Agnes, the only daughter of W. H. and Agnes E. Cole, aged 15 months.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1884.

THE curt telegram that Germany and Russia intend to claim seats on the Caisse of the Egyptian Debt is perhaps the one which will receive more attention from politicians than any of the others published this morning, interesting as some of those are. The Caisse of the Public Debt was proposed originally as a means of limiting, if not supervising, the dual influence of England and France in Egypt. Italy and Russia especially favoured its establishment, but for that reason, and also because Germany manifested symptoms of an intention to exert an influence in Egyptian affairs, the English and French Cabinets set themselves for a time against the creation of a Caisse. The Western Powers succeeded in keeping in the hands of their two Controllers the drawing up of the scheme of liquidation which has led to such unexpected results. In 1880 a Commission of Liquidation was, however, appointed. It was an international body charged with the liquidation of the Egyptian assets. Two commissioners were appointed by the English Government and two by the French. Germany, Austria, and Italy appointed one each, nine Powers leaving their interests in the hands of the representatives nominated by the other Governments. No doubt the statement that Germany and Russia intend to claim seats on the Caisse, means that Prince Bismarck will ask for a second seat, so as to be on an equality with the English and French, and that Russia will claim either one or two. It will be difficult to find plausible reasons for resisting this demand. Yet to accede to it would be to upset the balance of power, such as it is, which now exists on the Caisse. It is quite clear that, in the Egyptian question as in the Colonial, France and Germany have established an understanding, if not something more. Russia is for the time being the ally of Germany, and will support whatever course Germany and France may desire to propose in regard to the affairs of Egypt. Italy has shown evidence of a desire to act in harmony with England in this Egyptian business, while Austria has scarcely indicated her preferences. Naturally, the Cabinet of Vienna will be constrained by the force of circumstances to afford an ostensible support to the policy of her formidable allies. What is Prince Bismarck really aiming at? That is the heart of the matter. Perhaps the true answer is that he is aiming at nothing more than the prolongation of the feeling of distrust and suspicion which, thanks mainly to his diplomatic skill, has replaced the confidence and goodwill which formerly prevailed between the two Western Powers.

THE expedition to Bechuanaland is to be a much larger undertaking than had been anticipated—larger, in a numerical sense, than that which Lord Wolseley is leading towards Khartoum. Sir Charles Warren, it is now said, will have about eight thousand men under his command. This is more than twice as large a force as had originally been allotted to him, and the enlargement which the military preparations of the Government have undergone seems to betoken a determination at all cost to guard against a repetition of the disasters of 1881 in the region of the Transvaal. Sir Charles Warren will of course draw upon the imperial forces already in the Cape Colony and in Natal, and an important part will no doubt be assigned to the 6th Dragoons, which have more than once of late been on the look out for orders to cross the Natal frontier. It now seems probable that the 13th Hussars, which sailed from Bombay in the Serapis ten days ago under Sir Baker Russell's command, will also take part in the expedition. The Serapis, it will be remembered, had orders to proceed home by the Cape, in order that the services of the 13th Hussars might be available, if required, for operations on the Transvaal frontier. Sir Baker Russell, who accompanied Lord Wolseley to South Africa in 1879, and there and then won his K.C.M.G., will possibly have another opportunity of doing distinguished service in that part of the world. But it may be that in thus extensively preparing for war the Government are doing all that will be necessary to enforce the observance of the Convention by the Boer Government. Lord Derby, both in the House of Lords at the opening of the session, and since in replying to a deputation, used what was for him strong language upon this subject. The intervention of the Cape Government, with a view to bring about a peaceful settlement, though it has no doubt been offered in a spirit loyal to the Imperial connection, will probably not do much good. Lord Derby told the House of Lords that the Cape authorities had been informed that while they were free to carry out these negociations, the home Government must in the last resort remain judges of what should be done. This latter condition belongs to that phrase-book of commonplace from which Lord Derby draws so largely. It provides no real guarantee against a harmful intervention, and we are not sure that the Imperial Government would not have done better, even in the interests of peace, if they had prohibited even the best-intentioned intervention by the Cape Government.

THE terms of the compromise which the Government have made with the Opposition are now becoming more clear. Mr. Gladstone, a telegram informs us, announced on Monday night that he will next Monday introduce a Bill for the redistribution of seats. The negociations which have been in progress for several days between the Prime Minister and the leader of the Opposition have therefore led to this result—that the Government instead of deferring redistribution until next year, will take it in hand at once. Without saying barely that herein the Opposition have gained what they have contended for, it is clear that the Government have yielded much that they declared that they never would yield. There is reason to hope that an arrangement arrived at as this has been, after prolonged negociation between the heads of the two parties, rests on a substantial basis. Mr. Gladstone, with a temper and a good judgment that did him credit, intimated three weeks ago that the Ministry desired that the Redistribution Bill should be the work "not merely of the majority of the House, but of the House at large." If it should be the result of a preliminary understanding upon its general principles between the Prime Minister and Lord Salisbury, there is some hope that the whole qnestion may be disposed of without prolonged controversy. But we must accompany with reservation every hope that is based upon an understanding, no matter how illustrious the parties to it may be.

THE Corporation on Monday proceeded to deal with a sore subject. In August last the City Parliament rejected in the lump a series of items, each most necessary for practical purposes, amounting in their totality to nearly a lakh and a half. On Monday Dr. Cowasjee, at whose instance the vote had been previously rejected, endeavoured to excuse the inexcusable blunder, by alleging that the items should have been put one by one instead of being taken together. But, unfortunately for this excuse, it turned out that the items were brought up, massed, by a vote of the Corporation itself, the effect being to facilitate the summary rejection of the whole lot out of hand. As the practical result of that unthinking vote was, amongst other things, to leave the streets of Bombay without road metal or sandstone or other requisites for maintenance and repair, after September, and a whole multitude of other emergent purposes were equally disregarded, there was considerable indignation at what had been done. By the rules of the Corporation the subject could not be reconsidered until after an interval of three months. This was, of course, perfectly well-known to everybody. If it had been merely desired to get additional information in regard to the items, a postponement till the next meeting would have answered the purpose, but the money was contumeliously refused altogether. Obviously if the roads were left unmended, and the pumps for the discharge of the drainage of the city into the sea were left without coal, and so on, the end of the world would have come for the Bombay Municipality. That institution, usually so prudent, so sensible, so full of energy, would have stood in a far worse plight before the public and the Government, than the Municipality of Calcutta, which deferred and procrastinated in matters of high importance until, amongst others, Mr. Rivers Thompson lost his patience. We know that as a matter of fact the streets of Bombay have not been allowed to disappear from under the traffic of the city, the pumps have not ceased from pumping, and the new roads taken over from the Port Trust have not been allowed to become a subject for action at law, as foreshadowed by Colonel Merewether, the Chairman of the Port Trust. Nothing of all this, or of other things just as bad, has befallen the city. The member of the Corporation who was chiefly responsible for placing all this mischief like a torpedo ready to explode under our feet plumed himself on Monday last that nobody was a penny the worse; and the fact that we had escaped all the perils that lay in our way was, he intimated, a full inducement to himself and those whom he could influence to repeat on another occasion the performance which gave him unmixed gratification on this. But it was pertinently asked how had the city escaped the heavy damage which had been foreseen and predicted. By the simplest of all processes. The money which the Corporation did not vote, has from the very necessities of the case been expended without a vote. This was irregular, no doubt, but there was no option, if the city was to be saved from intolerable inconvenience and the Corporation from a discredit which it would not soon have lived down. The materials, the purchase of which was not sanctioned in due form, have been procured and laid on the roads, in order that the business of the city might be carried on without interruption. The common-sense of the Corporation will of course give—it has in effect already given by its vote on Monday—a bill of indemnity for the technical irregularity which the blunder of August imposed on the executive. We think that it is most undesirable that the executive, whether of a Municipality or of a Government, should be driven or induced to act upon the raw principle of the Roman Dictator that "The Republic should receive no detriment." But it is far better that that principle should be resorted to in an emergency than that the Republic, or the streets of a great city, should be allowed to go to ruin. The Corporation will do wisely to bear in mind the price which has been paid on this occasion for that escape from inevitable evils which Dr. Cowasjee and some of his friends so airily referred to. It is not by effacing itself, and refusing or neglecting the work which the public require to have carried through without doubt or delay, that any representative body can justify its existence. That means simple effacement, and throws a game into the hands of the experts and the men of office. The Bombay Corporation has throughout its vigorous career shown that it perfectly understands the conditions of the success which has attended its course. On the occasion to which we have referred a mistake was made, which has already, as we have said, been practically rectified. But we entreat the learned doctor who is responsible for that mistake not to endeavour to persuade his colleagues to commit another.

THE attention of the Government of Bombay should be called to a circular in one of the vernaculars which is being somewhat widely distributed just now, and in which the Thakore of Bhownuggur and his Government are accused of crimes of various kinds, from murder and poisoning downwards. The circular is signed by a Hindoo mendicant, whose object in issuing it is not likely to be wholly, or even partially, political, and although the injury that it can do to the Thakore and his advisers must be of the smallest, still the unimpeded printing and distribution of such documents in Bombay, is open to serious objection. The circular itself is an offence against the laws, inasmuch as it bears no imprint, and therefore there need be no difficulty in reaching one at least of the persons, who are responsible for its publication. It is well known that the incident does not stand alone. The Thakore of Bhownuggur's assailant is by no means the first to adopt this method of extorting money from a native Prince, and there is reason to fear that in some cases it has been employed with only too much success. In this instance it is sure to fail, but failure alone is not a sufficient punishment for an offence of this kind.

THE Philistinism of the *Saturday Review* will not allow it to shriek with the *St. James's Gazette* over the dangers which menace the internal and the external security of the Indian Empire. Yet it does not altogether escape being taken in by recent attempts to persuade us that we are living upon the edge of a volcano. Taken in, we say, because it passively accepts all that the *St. James's Gazette* has printed on the subject, observing that no newspaper with any sort of character for judgment or discretion would print such alarming things unless it had authority for doing so. It will be seen that there is a fatal flaw in the proposition. No one ever heard of the paper in question having any sort of character for judgment or discretion to lose. To fall back upon such an authority, therefore, is to admit that the evidence about all these alarming things is singularly defective; and the *Saturday Review* virtually confirms the admission by once more echoing the warnings of the writer in the *Times* who lately told us so much about the armies of the feudatory States. It is a remarkable fact, and one strangely illustrative of the absence of knowledge on this subject which prevails amongst alarmist writers at home, that some of the military authorities in India who have most urgently insisted upon the need of preparing against the approach of Russia to the Indian frontier have with equal urgency insisted upon the necessity of making use, for defensive purposes, of the very armies whose existence is said to be a peril to the peace of India. It is evident that these writers do not even know their own brief. In the case of the *Saturday Review*, however, the deficiency of information is pardonable, inasmuch as it does not profess to write at first hand. And it has the discretion to acknowledge that if external dangers make the partial disarmament of the Native States the more imperative, they at the same time make it the more invidious to propose. It is well that some one has had the good sense to recognize the invidiousness of these proposals for disarmament. It is not a long step from the recognition of that fact to a recognition of the impolicy of appearing to declare, in the hearing of the feudatory princes, that with every step that Russia makes in the direction of our north-western frontier our fear of them increases. This is not the fact, and there is nothing to gain by making believe that it is.

NOTES FROM THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPORE, Nov. 22.

SEVERAL of the district and inspecting officers have gone out on their usual cold weather tours. Mr. Crosthwaite, the Officiating Chief Commissioner, who has for some time past remained at Pachmarhi, will shortly descend from the Simla of the Central Provinces and visit other parts of the country over which he rules. Mr. Lindsay Neill, Chief Secretary, came into Nagpore last week from Pachmarhi, but will join the Chief again when the camp of the latter arrives at Seonee. The extension of six months' leave obtained by our pucca Chief Commissioner, Mr. W. Britain Jones, will expire at the end of May, but it seems somewhat uncertain whether he will return to his office in June, or go in for further extension of leave, or bid India and the Central Provinces good-bye, and finally retire from the service. His retirement would be very generally regretted. I must say in qualification of some rather uncharitable remarks made by the *Pioneer* regarding Mr. Jones' probable retirement that this officer is one of the most popular Chief Commissioners the Central Provinces have had. In saying so, no disparagement is intended of Mr. Crosthwaite, our present Chief, who is also in high favour with all classes, official and non-official. I believe if the choice were left to the public, it would be difficult to say which of the two would carry the majority of votes.

I hear that a Settlement Commissioner will soon have to be appointed for the Central Provinces for the purpose of directing the fresh settlements that will have to be made, as the former twenty-year settlements are beginning to expire. When this new appointment is sanctioned by the Supreme Government, it is said that the Director of Agriculture, Mr. J. B. Fuller, will have to undertake the work in its initial stage, in addition to that of his present office.

The Madras authorities have ordered the discontinuance of the firing of the midday gun at Nagpore, to the very great inconvenience of all sorts and conditions of men. The exact why or wherefore of the order is not known; but if civil stations are not in future to have a gun fired at 12 o'clock, the capital of a Province might surely have been exempted from the prohibition. The Military Department at Kamptee is not put to an iota of inconvenience for firing a gun at Nagpore, which has its own Sitabuldi Fort, with guns all laid, and a detachment of European infantry garrisoning the fort, who are instructed in artillery practice and fire the salutes for the Chief Commissioner and other big-wigs who come into Nagpore, and yet the solitary pound of powder is not to be fired at 12 o'clock in future. The local newspaper has put forward a proposition for the erection of a clock-tower at this station which is likely to find favour. There should be no difficulty in carrying out the suggestion; the Public Works, Municipal, Railway, and other Departments would be glad to have a public time-keeper, and would, no doubt, willingly contribute towards getting up a proper town clock, if the Municipality were to take the lead in the matter.

I hear that Mr. Thipthorpe, Civil Surgeon of Belaspore, has discovered a capital febrifuge in cotton seed. He has been asked to report more fully on the interesting discovery, and he will, I believe, eventually take out a patent for his new fever specific.

The weather is charmingly pleasant. There has been nothing much in the way of sports and pastimes of late, except some regimental theatricals at Kamptee. The Volunteers are busy going through their annual rifle practice and qualifying themselves for the matches that will come off next month, when some good prizes will be shot for.

COASTING STEAMERS IN COLLISION.

A SERIOUS collision between two coasting steamers occurred on Sunday evening, in the Dhabul Creek, near Rutnagherry, apparently at precisely the same spot where the Arrow and the Nagotna collided some eighteen months ago. On that occasion the vessels belonged respectively to Messrs. Shephard and Co., and Mr. Jummabhoy Laljee, now they are both the property of the former firm. The accident happened between six and seven o'clock, the Shastri running into the Shiravati whilst the former was leaving and the second entering the creek at the bend in the river Washishti known as the Anjanwall point. As it was Sunday, the steamers had not their full complement of passengers, not more than two hundred being on the Shastri coming towards Bombay, and some 160 being on the Shiravati, which was proceeding towards Goa. The down-going vessel was struck across the bows, and now lies stranded at the point, the extent of the injuries she has received being still unknown, as operations for getting her off have not yet been commenced and no examination has been undertaken. No mishap occurred to any of the passengers, those on the disabled vessel being put on shore in safety. Next morning they were picked up with the mails by that day's steamer, and taken on to their destination. The Shastri appears to have sustained no damage by the collision, and continued her voyage to Bombay under steam. Both of the steamers, who are under native commanders, are entirely new boats, and have only just been put on the coasting traffic. The Shastri is a vessel of 182 tons, 139 feet in length by 26 feet 1 inch in breadth, and was built by Messrs. Dobson and Charles at Grangemouth in March of the present year. The Shiravati is a similar boat of 177 tons, 144 feet in length and 26 feet 4 inches broad, fitted with engines of 49-horse power. She was completed during the month of June. It is well known that the creek requires the utmost care in its navigation, the current at times running with great swiftness.

GAIETY THEATRE.

THE resources of those merry entertainers, the Hudson's Surprise Party, are now being shown in other directions to those already exhibited, by a complete change in the programme originally produced. In the innovations the members appear to as great an advantage as before, and no greater praise could well be given them. Some idea of the substantial character of the fare provided may be gathered from the statement that the "Social Gathering," which makes such an agreeable opening, is supplemented by no less than three clever and amusing sketches, in which the fun is very briskly sustained, besides a varied performance of vocal and instrumental selections, equally pleasing in character. Mr. T. Hudson's wonderfully eccentric song and dance is irresistibly grotesque, and Miss Ada Maven's appearance also in the second part renders it additionally attractive. Practically the sketches constitute in themselves a most amusing entertainment, and whoever fails to extract an evening's hearty enjoyment from "Mrs. Didimus and party," "In Love with a Dutchman," or "The Coming Man" must indeed be pronounced an unenviable being.

THE BOMBAY DOCK EXTENSION.

YESTERDAY the time expired for the delivery of tenders for the masonry and excavation of the wet dock in connexion with the Bombay Port Trust Dock extension. The work will be of great magnitude, extending over 25 acres to the south-west of the Prince's Dock, and including about 7,750 lineal feet of wharf walls, a sea entrance and a passage communicating with the existing dock. It is not surprising, therefore, that the tenders are few in number. We understand that only three have been sent in to the Secretary of the Port Trust. These were opened yesterday at a meeting of the Trustees, and were referred to the Engineer for consideration. Until his report is received the acceptance of either of the tenders of course remains in abeyance. The competing contractors are :—Messrs. Glover & Co., by whom the Prince's Dock was constructed between 1875 and 1879; Messrs. Kirby and Co., of Bombay, and Messrs. Matthews, Crawford, and Ross, of Kurrachee.

THE BHOPAL STATE RAILWAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The mistake is, I have no doubt, due more to the fault of an unpractised speaker than of a practised reporter, but your account of what I said at the opening of the Bhopal Railway is so completely at variance with my sentiments that I trust you will accord me a few lines in explanation.

From the report of my speech, the conclusion must be that I claimed to be the author of the metre gauge proposals for the direct line from Cawnpore to Itarsi, and claimed also the indulgence of my audience for now advocating the broad gauge as the result of a more extended experience since 1876.

This is the first time in my life that I have ever been accused of metre gauge tendencies, and I sincerely hope it will be the last.

My proposal in 1875 or 1876 (I forget which) for laying down old East Indian Railway rails between Cawnpore and Kalpi was certainly a broad gauge one, but it was frowned down, and the discovery was then made that the district between Jhansi and Manickpur, with a navigable Jumna on one side, the E. I. Railway on another, and a nearly completed good metalled road traversing the heart of it, was peculiarly liable to famine and must have a railway, which must of course be directly connected between Cawnpore and Jhansi—and, most important of all (being a provincial scheme), this railway must necessarily be on the metre gauge. It was of course all-important that the Jumna crossing at Kalpi should be metre gauge, and had it been so made out of hand the chances of a mile of broad gauge between Itarsi and Bhopal would have been small indeed.

I did claim indulgence for my treatment of the Pench valley coal (which lies beyond the limits of the administration in which I have the honour to serve) being other than from a provincial point of view. Only a few months ago the reports of experts on the Pench valley coal were quite as favourable as those on the Rewah coal, and the accessibility of the former was maintained. It is nothing but further inquiry that has given the Rewah coal the start lately, and it has still to be proved by further inquiry that Pench valley cannot still hold its own. If it does, surely the Pench valley coal, which is only 80 miles distant from Itarsi (the point of delivery for this part of India), must be of more importance to us than the Rewah coal, which is 250 miles from Itarsi.

This was the intended drift of my speech, made without notes.—Yours, &c.,

A. THOMASON, Col. R. E.,
Sec. Governor-General's Agent, C. I.

AHMEDABAD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Nov 24.

THE thermometer here is 67° in the early mornings and about 72° in the day. If it could only be always thus, or even for six months! But, alas! in February the sun will regain its power.

The station is fairly full just now. A brother of the General, who retired some time ago, being on a visit. We have lately been as sheep without a shepherd, but on Sunday the Judge's brother, a Madras Chaptain, officiated. Mr. Horne is expected soon.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.—With few exceptions the barometer is falling to-day throughout the whole of India and Burmah, the decrease being generally uniform, but rather greater in Behar than elsewhere. The general distribution agrees fairly with average readings, being highest in Rajputana and lowest in the south of the peninsula. An important change in the wind direction is the backing on the east coast. The weather continues exceedingly fine except at some Carnatic stations, and the only places reporting rainfall are Negapatam and Mercara. The temperature generally shows a slight increase. Rain to-day :—Negapatam, over 1⅞ inches; Mercara, ¾ inch. Previously, Cuddapah, 3½ inches; Nellore, ⅞ inch.

THE TWO VICEROYS AND THE BOMBAY CORPORATION.

ON Monday there was a special general meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation, at which Mr. P. M. Mehta presided. The members present were :—Sir Frank Souter, the Hon. Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., Surgeon Major Blanc, Dr. P. Peterson, Lieut.-Col. Merewether, R. E., the Hon. K. T. Telang, Messrs. Thomas Blaney, R. Blaney, E. B. Carroll, G. Cotton, J. R. Duxbury, Grattan Geary, C. A. Turner, Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Dadabhoy Nowrojee, P. C. DeSouza, Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Goculdas Jugmohundas, Hurkissondas, Narrotumdas, J. B. Murzban, Kaikahsro Nowrojee Kabrajee, Karsandas Vullubdas, Mirza Husan Khan, Muljee Bhawanidas Barbhaya, Khan Bahadur Muncherjee Cowasjee Murzban, Messrs. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, Nowrozjee Furdoonjee, Raghunath Narayen Khote, R. N. Khory, Shivjee Dhurmajee, Tribhowandas Munguldas Nuthoobhoy, Vandrawundas Purshotumdas, Venayekrao Ramchunder Luxumonjee.

Mr. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee said.—In moving the resolutions of which I have given notice, I think it needless for me to support them by any lengthy remarks of my own. For I feel confident that no words of mine are required to commend them to the favourable consideration of the Corporation. I believe all who are now assembled here are agreed as to the great desirability of the foundation-stone of our new civic hall being laid by the retiring Viceroy. Moreover, I think that what little I can presently say on the subject will no doubt be said at the proper time with greater amplitude and cogency by the chairman and other gentlemen more able than myself and well-known for eloquence. I cannot refrain, however, from mentioning in this place that a general feeling seems to prevail among the ratepayers as well as other citizens that Bombay could not pay a more graceful compliment to the statesman who has given such an impetus to local self-government than solicit him during his short stay in their midst to lay the foundation-stone of its permanent home in this city—(applause)—an edifice which for stateliness of proportion and elegance of design will not be found, I hope, in any way inferior to the numerous public buildings of architectural merit which adorn this first city of the British Indian Empire. (Loud applause.) There is a grace and propinquity about the proposed request which none will deny. It will be readily admitted that he who by his exalted position and sympathetic influence has honestly striven to quicken the germs of political life in this country, whereby the people may be trained to take an interest in their own local affairs, is the person peculiarly qualified to gracefully perform the ceremony. (Applause.) And I dare say it will also be freely confessed that that ceremony would derive its chief significance by the fact of its being performed in the city which is acknowledged in all quarters as pre-eminent in the progress she has made in managing her municipal affairs. (Applause.) I am, therefore, sanguine of hope that while his lordship's compliance with the request of the representatives of that great city will give unmixed satisfaction to all classes of Her Majesty's subjects it will afford Lord Ripon peculiar pleasure and gratification to be able to recall hereafter the laying of the foundation-stone of the Bombay Municipal Hall as one of the most pleasing events and farewell reminiscences in connection with his retirement from the Viceroyalty of India. (Loud applause.) With these remarks I beg to propose, (1) that the Corporation consider that the presence of the most honourable the Marquis of Ripon in the city, while leaving this country on his retirement, will afford a singularly fitting and appropriate opportunity for soliciting him to perform the ceremony of laying the foundation-stone of their new Municipal Hall; (2) That the Chairman of the Corporation in conjunction with the Municipal Commissioner be requested to take the necessary steps for obtaining the gracious consent of his lordship to this proposal through His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, and, in case such consent is given, that the Municipal Commissioner be empowered to make all necessary arrangements for conducting the ceremony in a manner worthy of the occasion; (3) That the Town Council be requested to recommend, for the sanction of the Corporation, the expenditure of such sum of money as may be needed for the above purpose.

Mr. Grattan Geary.—I have much pleasure in seconding the resolution which has just been placed before you. I think it is very fitting that Lord Ripon should lay the foundation-stone of the new Municipal Hall, destined to be the centre of our local self-government in this city, because he has certainly given a reality and scope to the policy which none of his predecessors were able to give it. The policy is not a new one, although it has been freely criticised as novel and subversive by people who misunderstood what had gone before. It is a policy which has been adopted by Her Majesty's Government for years past, and it has been, to a greater or less extent, in actual operation in India for some decades. It was remarked to me the other day that those who raised a great clamour about the revolutionary disturbance which this innovation of Lord Ripon brought upon us were oblivious of the fact that for twenty years or more there had been 264 municipalities in working order in the Punjab, and that the whole result of the new impulse in that province would be the addition of thirty-four municipalities to that number. The eminent administrator who put the matter in that light added that no one who was acquainted with the Punjab would suppose for a moment the administration of the province would be improved or the convenience of Government consulted by substituting for these 264 municipalities the costly departmental agencies which would otherwise carry on the work of the districts. (Hear, hear.) Here in this Corporation there is no controversy whatever as to the advantages of local self-government properly carried out and properly understood; we are all of one mind on that point. I think we may claim to have done something to establish the opinion in the minds of competent observers that it is possible to carry out with success and credit local self-government in India generally,—(applause)—and as Lord Ripon has been associated with the endeavour to give reality and life to the policy of local self-government, it would be very becoming to ask him to lay the foundation-stone of our Municipal Hall. (Hear, hear.) I hope that notwithstanding the number of pressing engagements which will beset him on his departure, Lord Ripon will find time to act in accordance with our request. In doing so, he will gratify every section of our community. (Applause.)

Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy said.—I consider it to be a great good fortune for us to have in our midst a Viceroy who has done so much for local self-government about the same time that we shall be inaugurating an undertaking which is to give to this Corporation a local habitation of its own, and to our flourishing city an edifice which I trust will be worthy of her high position as the first and foremost of those whose civic administration is conducted with signal ability and success. A more graceful tribute could not be paid to one who during the term of his viceroyalty had so much at heart the independence in municipal matters of the people of this great continent—(applause)—than to ask him to lay the foundation-stone of the Municipal Hall of the Corporation of this city which has afforded the most striking instance of that self-dependence which has made it worthy of the proud motto it has assumed. (Hear, hear and applause.) A more graceful act of kindness could not be done by a Viceroy who, I am sure, must have watched the career of our municipal administration with peculiar satisfaction and pleasure, than to bless with his own hands the guarantee we shall be giving of the permanence of those wise counsels and arts of civic government which will find material representation in the magnificent home we are about to provide for the great department of our municipal affairs. (Applause.) Indeed, I feel that we should be wanting in a sense of duty and gratitude if we did not avail ourselves of so happy an opportunity of linking the name of so good a man—(hear, hear)—with the initiation of so important a step towards the perfection of our municipal institutions. For this reason alone, sir, if there were none other, the proposition put before you by Mr. Banajee and so ably seconded by Mr. Geary has my heartiest support, and I have no doubt that his lordship will be graciously pleased to accede to our request, and to encourage with his sympathy and presence our effort to remove what has hitherto been a reproach, by providing a suitable building for the accommodation of our municipal offices. It was in this city that almost the first important words in connection with the great charge that he had assumed were uttered; and it would be a rare felicity if almost his last words before bidding farewell to a people whose affection he has succeeded in gaining by strict adherence to the programme which he then modestly set before himself, should be in connection with an event which will emphasise the benefits of his great policy of local self-government—benefits which we see exemplified in our municipal institutions, which, though their foundations were laid long before, owe a great deal and will continue to owe a great deal to those ideas which he helped to disseminate. (Loud applause.)

Sir Frank Souter supported the motion, for he certainly thought they should not lose the opportunity of Lord Ripon's departure from the shores of India to ask him to perform this ceremony. He took it for granted that there would be a conspicuous tablet in the building giving the name of the architect (laughter), and very likely the amount expended on the structure, and nothing would afford the citizens of Bombay greater gratification than that Lord Ripon's name should be permanently associated with the hall. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Nowrozjee Furdonjee observed that the delay which had ensued, in consequence of the difficulty in selecting the site, was in one respect fortunate, as it would enable them to solicit the most noble Viceroy, about to leave India, to honour the Corporation by laying the stone. Everything was now ready for the ceremony, the best plan would shortly be selected, and he hoped the building would soon raise its head. He trusted the greater portion of the edifice would be ready in time for the Bombay International Exhibition, so that it might be utilized at that time.

Mr. Jehangier B. Marzban, in supporting the proposition, said that he had no doubt all the proper arrangements befitting such an occasion would be made by the energetic Municipal Commissioner; but if the Commissioner would allow him to make a suggestion, he would say that the presence of ladies, especially of native ladies with their picturesque dress, would lend a grace and charm to the whole ceremonial. Mr. Marzban further said that he knew from personal experience that the ladies would heartily welcome such an opportunity to greet the noble lord near at hand. (Hear, hear.)

Dr. De Souza agreed that a compliment more graceful both to the recipient and those by whom it was bestowed could scarcely be conceived. Among the lasting benefactions of Lord Ripon's Government which would stand as so many monuments of his administration were the repeal of the Vernacular Act, the promotion and encouragement of education, and last but not least the introduction of local self-government. The Municipal Hall was not only to be ornamental, but in it was to be conducted the business of the city by this enlightened Corporation. (Hear, hear and laughter.)

Dr. Peterson—for the reason that he feared those who did not rise would be thought wanting in enthusiasm—(No, no)—wished to add that as far as he was concerned, and he had no doubt he spoke for the majority of the members, they desired not to honour the first Viceroy who had been willing to develop the seeds of political life in this country, but one of the first Viceroys who had been both able and willing. He did not deny that other Viceroys had done something; the country was deeply indebted to Lord Mayo; and Lord Lytton was perfectly willing, but unfortunately he preferred to enter on the Afghan war. (Laughter.) Dr. Peterson was aware there were some who thought Lord Ripon was pursuing an ephemeral popularity. For his own part, as a staunch Liberal, he believed Lord Ripon had been animated by the most thorough and honest convictions. He believed what Mr. Geary had stated was perfectly right, that what had transpired in Bombay in connection with the Corporation had given Lord Ripon confidence in the future, and that he had looked to the Corporation when he thought it possible to give the question a "shove" forward. After leaving the shores of India, Lord Ripon would doubtless watch the development of municipal institutions, as he had watched them in the past. (Hear, hear.)

The Municipal Commissioner remarked that there appeared to be perfect unanimity in the Corporation in asking Lord Ripon to lay the foundation-stone, and, as far as his judgment went, there was equal unanimity outside. Whatever difference there might be in matters of politics, there had been none in matters relating to municipal advancement, which had always been of interest to those who had charge of the Bombay Government. He did not rise to carry on the remarks of previous speakers, but to add one which he thought would contribute to the gratification of the members. He had ascertained demi-officially what he was sure the meeting would have been certain of beforehand, that Lord Ripon would have much pleasure in accepting the invitation. (Applause.)

The motion was carried with acclamation.

Mr Nowrozjee Furdonjee next proposed "That, as recommended by the Town Council, sanction be given to the expenditure, from surplus cash balance of a sum, not exceeding Rs. 4,000, to defray the cost of illuminating addresses to His Excellency the Marquis of Ripon, K.G., the retiring Viceroy, and the Right Hon. the Earl of Dufferin, K.P., Viceroy-elect, and of providing caskets or cases to contain the addresses. That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to arrange for the illumination of the addresses and for the preparation of suitable cases for the same. That the cost of each presentation be left entirely to the discretion of the Commissioner." Lord Dufferin would, he hoped tread in the footsteps of his predecessor; and this being an extraordinary occasion it was proposed to make a larger grant than usual for the purpose of enabling the Municipal Commissioner to have such handsome caskets constructed as would mark the event. He trusted the proposal would be cordially sanctioned by the Corporation. The different committees appointed would, he trust, soon submit the addresses they had prepared. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Tribhowandas Mungaldas seconded the motion, which was adopted without discussion.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

MR. P. M. MEHTA presided at a meeting of the Corporation on Monday, at which the following business was transacted.

STREET IMPROVEMENTS.

Sir Frank Souter moved "That, as recommended by the Town Council, sanction be given to the further grant of Rs. 50,000, from surplus cash balance, to provide for cost of land taken up for the improvement of Pydhowni-road, and to meet the amount of the probable cost of further land to be taken up for street improvement to the end of the year." He reminded the Corporation that the spot at which it was proposed to effect the improvement was one of the great centres of the city, and pointed out how necessary it was for convenience sake and to ensure the safety of the public that the widening should take place. Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy having seconded the motion,

The Municipal Commissioner remarked that it had long been recognised that the neighbourhood ought to be opened out. On the occasion of the fire at Pydhowni he did his best to make the improvement, but the negociations for the purchase of the property had taken a considerable time, as was invariably the case when temple property was concerned. He had, however, at last come to an arrangement satisfactory, he believed, to everyone. The improvement would be of great service, and one which every member of the Corporation would appreciate. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Nowrozjee thought it a very expensive improvement, of a character that might be avoided for the future, so that the Corporation might concentrate their reserve in order to make improvements where they were more urgently needed.

Dr. Blaney declared that this improvement had cost one-and-a-half lakhs. He urged that the time had come when they should hold their hands with regard to such expenditure, and ask the Municipal Commissioner for a scheme showing the localities where there was most urgent need for increased street accommodation. They might then proceed on some particular plan.

Mr. Cotton supported the proposal, as well as the general action of the Corporation. He did not see what more they could do. The Municipal Commissioner took every advantage of opportunities as they arose for making improvements. He did not see how it was possible for them to enter upon a grand scheme of road widening all at once, especially as they were already deeply concerned with other important questions which Dr. Blaney had likewise advocated. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Kabraji also supported the proposal, which was then agreed to.

PRIMARY EDUCATION.

It was resolved on the motion of Mr. Telang, seconded by Dr. Cowasjee, that copies of the Government Resolution No. 1789, Education Department, relative to the transfer of the charge of primary education to the Municipality, should be forwarded to the Town Council and the Municipal Commissioner, the latter being requested to arrange for the preparation of a formal draft agreement between the Government and the Corporation, as contemplated in paragraph 6 of the Resolution, the draft to be placed before the Corporation when ready.

THE WATER-SUPPLY.

A letter dated 27th October, 1884, was received from Hadji Kurreem Mahomed Sulliman, Hadji Jan Mahomed Hadji Jusab, and other residents of Mahomed Hoosein Kambekar-street, Don Tad 2nd Row, and Memon Mohla, stating (with reference to their application, dated 5th August last, on the subject of the falling off in the water-supply to their respective houses thereat) that they were informed that their request will be complied with when the new water scheme is introduced into Bombay. This will take five or six years, but at present the applicants are short of water even during this season of the year. The water does not rise up through the service pipes of their respective houses, and much inconvenience is caused thereby. They requested that the 3-inch water pipe running along the Pydhowni and Chinch-bunder roads may be removed therefrom, and in its stead a 9-inch water pipe laid, which will greatly increase the supply to their respective houses. The letter was recorded.

NEW MEMBERS.

The Clerk and Secretary reported that, at the elections by the ratepayers, held on the 8th October last and 4th November instant, respectively, the following gentlemen were duly elected members of the Municipal Corporation, *vice* Mr. Dinanath Raghunath Khote and Khan Bahadur Sheik Hyder Cassum, deceased, and Mr. E. R. Freeborn, proceeded to Europe :—Mr. Damodhur Thackersey Muljee, Mr. Rustomjee Nusserwanjee Khory, M.A., M.R.C.P. Mr. Roland Blaney, M.A., M.B., C.M.

THE BYCULLA OVERBRIDGE.

The Town Council's Resolution No. 1168, dated 29th October, 1884, recommending the Corporation to sanction the expenditure of Rs. 50,000, from surplus cash balance, towards the cost of the construction of the new overbridge at Nesbit-road, Byculla, as per the terms of the Corporation's resolution No. 1117, dated 25th October, 1884, was submitted and sanctioned on the proposal of Mr. M. N. Banajee.

NEW WORKS.

The resolutions of the Town Council Nos. 1009 and 1164, dated 8th and 29th October, recommending the Corporation to sanction the expenditure, from surplus cash balance, of Rs. 1,33,214 to provide for the cost of various works were considered. On the previous occasion the several items had been rejected *en bloc* by the Corporation, and it was now therefore decided to take each separately.

It was upon the rejection of the first of these Rs. 40,402, increase of contract rates for the supply of road metal, sandstone, coal, and hire of bullocks during the current year, that the Municipality was placed in the recent dilemma.

Dr. Peterson proposed the first item for materials for the repair of the roads.

Dr. Cowasjee remarked that none of the dreadful things had occurred which it was said would happen when the grant was refused a few months ago. It was predicted that the thoroughfares would fall into ruin because no means were provided for their repair, that accidents would happen, and that the Corporation would be involved in litigation. Nothing of the kind had happened, and information had been afforded by the Council which satisfied all that the Corporation desired to know. Should such an occasion recur he should consider himself justified in taking a precisely similar course.

Mr. Geary observed that Dr. Cowasjee appeared rather proud of his achievement, but he seemed altogether unaware of the fact that the money had actually been spent by the executive, and that this course had averted the responsibility which would otherwise have followed the Corporation's refusal of the grant recommended by the Council. Although they had distinctly declined to make the grant when applied for, they were nevertheless satisfied that the expenditure had been made. If in the future they wished some official to assume such a responsibility, let it be distinctly understood. Then the Municipality could come to no harm when they made captious objections of the kind to necessary votes. (Hear, hear and oh! oh!)

Mr. Telang emphatically protested against what he said was the assumption of Mr. Geary that because the Council recommended a certain outlay, therefore the Corporation were bound to sanction that course, and warmly repudiated any insinuation that in the course they took on the former occasion the Corporation had been guilty of any captious objections.

Dr. Peterson having also spoken the vote was agreed to.

Rs. 31,794 was next on the list for additional requirements at the Worli pumping station. A rider was added at Dr. Blaney's suggestion sanctioning the vote as an advance from the cash balance, to be adjusted, if possible, from the drainage loan of seven lakhs.

The Corporation then adjourned.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Criminal Sessions, High Court, 10 a.m.
Town Council, 3 p.m.
Band, 25th B. L. I., Apollo-bunder, evening.
Concert, Town Hall, 9 p.m.
Hudson's Surprise Party, Gaiety Theatre, 9 p.m.
Dramatic Entertainment, Sassoon Mechanic's Institute, evening.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessel arrived on the 24th :—Iran (s), from Bhownuggur. Yesterday :—Scindia (s), from Kurrachee; Secundra (s), Calcutta; and Rydal Hall (s), Liverpool.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Colombo (s), for Marseilles; Kangra (s), London, &c.; and Lisnacrieve (s), Marseilles.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Scindia and Rydal Hall entered, and the s.s. Colombo, Lisnacrieve, and Werneth Hall left, the dock yesterday.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO-BUNDER.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the 25th Bombay Light Infantry at the Apollo-bunder this evening, commencing at 6 :—

Overture	Le Brasseur de Preston	Adam.
Waltz	The Distant Shore	D'Albert.
Selection	H. M. S. Pinafore	Sullivan.
Valse	La Barcarolle	Waldteufel.
Gavotte	Stephanie	Czibulka.
Polka	Drink, puppy, drink	D'Albert.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THEFT.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Cooper, Abdool Rahmon Peerbai pleaded guilty to a charge of theft of goat-skins, valued at Rs. 20. The accused had abstracted the skins from a case left in the dock. He was seen by a sepoy and arrested. Being an old offender, he was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

FATAL FALL OUT OF A WINDOW.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at Santampoora-street, on the body of Ookee, a girl aged 4 years. Deceased, while looking out of a window on the third storey of her parents' house, fell out on to the public road about thirty feet, and was killed on the spot. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

REPORTED THEFTS.—Mr. Jehangeer Manockjee Cursetjee, Acting Assistant Collector of Customs, reported to the police on Monday the theft of Rs. 50 in currency notes from a drawer in his office.—Ramjee Bowan, living at 10th Lane, Khetwady, reports that on Monday night a thief entered his house and stole two silver anklets, a silver waist-chain, and a silver bangle from the person of his son, while the child was asleep in the verandah.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLING CARGO.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Cooper, the case against the fifteen lascars of the s.s. Oriental who are charged with embezzling the cargo of their ship was again taken up. Mr. Lynch appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Sanjana, barrister, defended the accused. After hearing some evidence his worship discharged eight of the accused. The explanation the other seven gave of the possession of the cloths was that they had bought them at Zanzibar from Seedees who had come on board there. On the application of Mr. Sanjana the case was adjourned till to-day, in order to call witnesses for the defence.

RASH AND NEGLIGENT DRIVING.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Cooper, Banmaya, a hack victoria driver, was charged with rash and negligent driving. Last Friday Mr. Justice Pinhey and Captain Walshe, Superintendent of the House of Correction, were being driven in a carriage and pair from the Bombay Club and were proceeding along the Esplanade-road at a moderate pace in the direction of the Money School. In front of the Government Telegraph Office the victoria driven by the accused collided with great force against Mr. Pinhey's carriage. Some slight damage was done to one of the horses and the carriage. The accused said the accident was caused by his trying to cross the road. He offered to pay for any damages he may have caused. His worship fined him Rs. 15.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR IN BOMBAY.—His Highness Kuvor Joravurkhanjee, the heir-apparent of the Bajana State in Kattywar, is now on a visit to Bombay, and is staying at Malabar Hill. The Prince about twenty-two years old, he was educated at the Rajkumar College, and takes a great interest in educational institutions. On Saturday he visited St. Xavier's College, and gave a donation. Accompanied by his Chief Karbhari, Mr. Manekchund Tulsi and his Bombay agent and others, he also visited the Bhooleshwar Library at Moombadevie, where he was received by the honorary secretary and treasurer and other members of the library. The Prince expressed himself much gratified with the library and its management, and became one of its life members by paying a sum of Rs. 100. Garlands, nosegays, attar, and pan-sopari were then offered, and the Prince left amidst the cheers of the members.

LORD RADSTOCK IN BOMBAY.—Lord Radstock, who arrived by this week's mail-steamer, has lost no time in commencing his mission. Last night the first of a series of meetings to be addressed by him was held at the Rev. G. Deimler's, the Lodge, Girgaum. It was largely attended, many native Christians being among the number present. Lord Radstock conducted the service throughout. In his address, which was founded on the 10th chap. of the Epistle to the Hebrews, he stated that during the week the meetings would more especially be for the instruction of Christians. The discourse was delivered in a simple colloquial style, and included various stories illustrative of Christian experiences. Principally dwelling on the Gospel as bestowing peace on those by whom it was accepted, Lord Radstock urged that salvation was not a shadow but a reality, a possession not a hope.

EDUCATIONAL.—Mr. T. B. Kirkham, our popular Inspector, is said to have asked the Director of Public Instruction to take the Poona New Marathi School in the list of aided schools. We are glad to learn that Government have been pleased to place the Shunwar Wada at the disposal of the promoters of the New English School, for the erection of a suitable building for the accommodation of the students of that institution.—*Deccan Herald.*

DIVINE SERVICE.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held on board the s.s. Lilburn Tower, in the Prince's Dock, this (Wednesday) evening at half-past seven o'clock. Captains, officers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

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TELEGRAMS.

THE FRANCO-CHINESE WAR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO, Nov. 24.

The mail from Hongkong of the 11th inst. brings no warlike news, except that of a few small engagements in Tongking, where the Chinese have been driven back across the frontier quite demoralised.

There was much sickness amongst the Chinese and the French troops. The French general is anxious for reinforcements to replace the invalid wounded, amongst whom many deaths have occurred in the hospitals.

The military contractors have been ordered to leave Saigon and proceed to Kelung to strengthen the works of defence under French engineers. More troops are needed at Kelung.

The blockade of the Formosan ports is inefficient, only two cruisers being employed. Supplies and ammunition have reached the fleet from Saigon.

The Admiral is preparing to bombard Tamsui. He promises to give ample notice to foreigners.

A shock of earthquake has been felt at Amoy. No life was lost.

There have been more attacks on missionaries and other foreigners. In the northern ports every thing is quiet, and there has been no change in the situation.

The arms seized in the Hongkong riots have been returned to the owners.

The Viceroy Li has concluded a contract for the purchase of £50,000 worth of arms from a German firm.

The island of Lantao near Hongkong has been ceded to Germany to form a trading settlement. There is great opposition in Hongkong.

Negotiations are in progress with Messrs. Jardine and Matheson for the loan to the Chinese Government of five millions of taels for railway purposes.

The peace negotiations between China and France have been continued in the Imperial Council at Pekin. The proposal before the Council was the cession of Formosa to France with railway monopoly in China for fifty years. The Council dispersed without arriving at any result. The terms proposed were rejected by the Empress, who called the Viceroy Li for consultation.

The China fort at Formosa fired at a French cruiser five miles off. Six shots fell very close to the cruiser, which immediately steamed away. French corvettes are firing and sinking Chinese junks.

LORD RIPON'S RETIREMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 25.

At a meeting of the members of the native press held on Saturday, it was resolved to present a suitable address to the retiring Viceroy before his departure. A committee was appointed to draw up the address, and it was resolved that a deputation should wait on Lord Ripon to present it.

At a meeting of students' under the auspices of the Calcutta Students' Association held yesterday, a special resolution was passed recording their high sense of appreciation of the lasting good Lord Ripon has rendered to the country, and resolving to join the movement already started by the native community to accord him a hearty reception.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SALEM, Nov. 24.

A monster meeting was held to-day at the College to honour Lord Ripon. Great enthusiasm prevailed. The hall and premises were filled to excess. The proceedings began with drums and music. Several speakers addressed the meeting in English, Tamil, and Telegu.

Several resolutions were unanimously carried, one of which is that Salem should send a deputation to present a farewell address to his lordship. The proceedings closed with cheers.

SIR JAMES FERGUSSON ON TOUR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BHOWNUGGUR, Nov. 25.

His Excellency laid the foundation stone of the ... College this afternoon in the presence of a large and influential company of Europeans and natives. The Dewan, Mr. Vithaldas, in requesting His Excellency, on behalf of the Thakore Saheb, to perform the ceremony, referred to the great loss that had been sustained by the State in the death of the late Dewan, Mr. Samaldas, who intended to found the college.

The building will be in the Hindu style of architecture, and will cost about one lakh of rupees. The need of a college for students from all parts of Kattywar has long been greatly felt.

The Governor said the institution would stand not more to the memory of one whom the Thakor Saheb held so dear, as to His Highness. It was an everlasting honour that the Thakor Saheb lost no opportunity to do good to his own people, and the institution was a mark of his keen appreciation of the benefits of higher education. His Excellency thought nothing could better secure to the State the fidelity and zeal of its servants than the thought that their services would be duly appreciated. He also referred in feeling terms to the recent death of Prince Juwansinghjee, the brother of the Thakor Saheb, of whom high hopes were entertained. His Excellency testified in glowing terms to the general progress made by the State, and said he would ever cherish the warmest wishes for the welfare of its people.

The speech was very cordially received by the assemblage.

During the day the Governor visited the waterworks, harbour works, and other places of interest; and left in the May Frere for Cambay at about ...

AUSTRALIAN NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

COLOMBO, Nov. 25.

The Australian mail arrived to-day.

In the Victorian Parliament the Railway Bill is absorbing attention. When the lines mentioned in the Bill are all constructed every settlement of any consequence will be connected with the railway system. The loan will have to be increased ... millions.

The great event of the week in Victoria was the race for the Melbourne Cup. The winner of the cup was Malna; Commotion second; Plausible third.

The Jubilee Exhibition in celebration of the first fifty years of the history of this colony has been opened.

In New South Wales Parliament federal resolutions have been agreed to by the Legislative Council, but negatived in the Assembly by a majority of one. Parliament has been prorogued to Nov. 1.

Copious rains have fallen in the north and north-west districts.

Mr. McIlwraith, speaking Queensland in the Assembly, characterised the proposed protectorate as a mere sham. A large meeting has been held at Mackay, at which a resolution was carried affirming that the time had arrived when the separation of the north from the suth was absolutely necessary for the prosperity of the north.

The steamer Fenstanton went ashore on Moresby ... and became a total wreck.

The English cricketers have arrived in South Australian. They played their first match against a South Australian fifteen at Adelaide on Oct. 31. The local men played fair cricket, making in the first innings 217. Flowers was ... successful as a bowler. In Shaw's eleven, first innings, Ullyett made 100 by fine cricket, Shrewsbury put on 52, the rest did comparatively nothing. The innings closed for 239. The fifteen in the second innings made 144, and the Englishmen won with 3 wickets to spare. Shaw's team next played a match with eighteen of South Australia, who made 170 in the first innings. The match was uncompleted when the mail left.

Sir Napier Broome, the Governor of Western Australia, was a passenger by Parramatta. He landed at Colombo to the Chusan for London. Mr. Thurston, Chief Secretary of Fiji, and Mr ..., son of the Governor of New South Wales, have gone by the Parramatta.

MHOW RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MHOW, Nov. 25.

The meeting was opened with some éclat by the presence of several distinguished visitors. Arrangements were all excellent. One fairly large lottery was held on each race. The local community, especially the 7th Dragoon Guards, are efficiently filling the rôle of hosts, a sporting lotteries and ... splendidly. The Lahore Confederates ... has done exceptionally well, Mr. Melton ... their three winners.

PONY PLATE.
One mile.

Vanessa, 10st. 7lb.	1
Bantam, 11st. 1lb.	2
Young Gazelle, 10st. 3lb.	3
Feramorze, 9st. 6lb.	0
Mahdi, 9st. 12lb.	0

Vanessa was a strong favourite, and won by several lengths easily. Time—2min. 1½sec.

CENTRAL INDIA HORSE PURSE.
1½ mile.

Gold Lace, 11st. 10lb.	1
Rejected, 11st. 7lb	2

Won easily. Time—2min. 59secs.

NEELD STAKES.
¾ mile.

Flora, 10st. 8lb.	1
Clinker, 9st. 10lb.	2
Gameboy, 9st. 9lb.	3
John Gilpin, 9st. 11lb.	0
Coquette, 10st.	0
Blotting Paper, 9st. 13lb.	0
[illegible], 10st.	0
[illegible], 9st. 12lb.	0

... ed before the start. Flora was favourite.

A good race. Won by a length. Time—1min. 31sec.

MHOW DERBY.
1½ miles.

Kushdill, 10st. 4lb.	1
Sir Garnett, 10st. 4lb.	2
Prince, 9st. 10lb.	3
Tamworth, 10st. 1lb.	0
Berlin, 9st. 10lb.	0

Kushdill was a hot favourite, and won, after an excellent race, by half a length. Time—3min. 3sec.

MIDGET PURSE.
½ mile.

Nina, 10st. 4lb.	1
Feramorz, 9st. 10lb.	2
Fusilier, 9st. 10lb.	0
Butchar, 9st. 12lb.	0

Nina was favorite, and won by a couple of lengths in 57½ sec.

SUBALTERNS' CUP ½ mile.

Blue Morn, 12st. 11lb.	1
Just in Time, 10st. 1lb	2
Changed Hands, 12st. 8lb.	3
Oliver Twist, 13st.	0
Assyrian Monarch, 9st. 10lb.	0
Mameluke, 9st. 10. lb.	0
Nicodemus, 9st. 10lb.	0

Blue Morn was favorite and after a good race won by a length in 54sec. The owner of Just in Time lodged an objection against the winner for crossing, which will be heard to-morrow.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE REDISTRIBUTION BILL.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

In the House of Commons last night Mr. Gladstone announced that on Monday next he will introduce a Bill for the redistribution of seats.

THE BECHUANALAND EXPEDITION.

The number of men composing the Bechuanaland expedition has been increased to 8,000.

THE EGYPTIAN CAISSE.

Germany and Russia intend to claim seats on the Caisse of the Egyptian debt.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 24.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Matheson left here for Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta yesterday morning.

MALTA, Nov. 24.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Navarino, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this morning.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats firm.

The London Cotton market has been steady.

Good Fair Dhollera	4⅞d.

The Manchester market has been quiet but steady.

4 per cent. Rupee Paper	79¾
4½ ,, ,,	82¾
3 ,, Consols for account	100¼
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	103⅜
4½ per cent. French Rentes	108¼
Bar Silver	50d.

Arrival—Manilla.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY, NIGHT, November 24.

10 p.m.	74·7

TUESDAY, November 25.

6 a.m.	72·3
10 a.m.	79·3
2 p.m.	86·0
4 p.m.	82·1

YESTERDAY at the Criminal Sessions of the High Court, Jannoo Dhondee, a tent lascar lately employed at Government House, Parell, was charged with the murder of his wife, about fifteen years of age, committed on the 7th September last. The case was heard before Mr. Justice Bayley and a special jury. The prisoner and his wife occupied a room in the compound of Government House; but they did not appear to have lived happily together. About sunset on the 7th September last the prisoner went to a caste dinner given at a place near the Victoria Gardens, and returned home about 8 p. m. At a later hour that evening he went and slept near the post of a policeman on duty at Government House, giving as a reason for his doing so that he was annoyed in his room by mosquitoes and could not sleep there. He slept on till about 4 o'clock the next morning, but was then missed. The same morning about 7 o'clock a hamal found the front door of prisoner's room locked from outside, and with a Maratha writing pasted to it. On entering the room by a side door, he found Dewkee, the prisoner's wife, lying dead on the floor in a pool of blood. A knife, covered with blood, lay on a box in the room. Prisoner returned to his room about 4 p.m. that day, and was arrested by a policeman who had been placed on guard in the room. Maratha writings were found on the prisoner's person and elsewhere which pointed to his being the perpetrator of the murder. In one of them he said he had killed his wife because she misconducted herself, and he proceeded to give a history of his grievances against her, and of her infidelity. The judge told the jury in his summing-up that, if they believed the prisoner had received strong provocation which deprived him of the power of self-control, they would be justified in finding him guilty of culpable homicide. The jury, after a short consultation, returned a verdict of guilty of culpable homicide not amounting to murder; and the prisoner was sentenced to transportation for life.

H. E. GENERAL HARDINGE, Commander-in-Chief, left yesterday evening for Mhow from the Boree-bunder station at 6 p.m. His Excellency was accompanied by Brigadier-General Hogg, Quartermaster-General, and Captain Hardinge, A.D.C. Sunday morning is fixed for His Excellency's return. A number of gentlemen accompanied His Excellency to the station, among whom were Colonel Beville, Acting Commandant, Bombay garrison; Colonel Rivett-Carnac, Military Secretary to His Excellency; Captain Sheppard A.D.C.; Major Creagh, Brigade Major; Captain Watlings, Assistant Quartermaster-General; and Captain Anderson, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General. A salute of 15 guns from the battery will be fired this morning.

THE concert at the Town Hall this evening in aid of the building fund of the St. Peter's Girls' School, Mazagon, promises to be a very successful one. An attractive programme has been provided, and several favourite performers will take part in the concert.

IT is stated that the forts Michni and Shabkadar at Peshawur are about to be made over to the civil authorities, and will in future be garrisoned by a force of border police and militia.

THE Rev. E. E. Jenkins, an ex-President of the Wesleyan Conference, is about to leave England for India on an educational mission. His object, it is said, will be to inquire into, and report upon, the practicability of extending the Wesleyan educational system to the villages of India.

A MINOR army reform which, this time, is to benefit the private soldier is under the consideration of the authorities. The "dry canteen," at which soldiers may purchase supper and stores, is in most regiments under the charge of a native contractor who pays so much a month for the privilege of running it, and makes his profit thereon after his own fashion. One or two corps have done away with the native contractor altogether, and are conducting the "dry canteen" as a regimental concern, on the co-operative store principle, with much success. This fact has been duly brought to the notice of the Commander-in-Chief, and, since nothing in India can be done without a report, His Excellency has called upon commanding officers to give the matter their consideration, and to "report on the advisability of the system indicated being adopted by all corps and batteries."

THE *Statesman* makes a suggestion in regard to the debentures of the Municipal Corporation of Calcutta. These debentures do not appear to be a favourite market security, owing, it is believed, to the difficulty in dealing with them readily on account of the number and variety of the loans, many of them for comparatively small amounts. The *Statesman* therefore comes forward with a suggestion to remedy this state of things. "If practicable," it says, "it would be a great advantage if the Corporation could carry out the conversion of all their debentures into one consolidated 5 per cent. loan." The same paper declares that "there is another matter which would help to make the Municipal debentures a more popular and favourite investment, and that is the transfer of the management of the Municipal Loans to the Bank of Bengal, which manages so admirably the Public Debt of the Government of India. They are the bankers of the Municipality, and would no doubt be willing to undertake the work connected with their loans on reasonable terms, and as they thoroughly understand such business their having charge of the Municipal debt would be found to be a great convenience to the holders of the debentures, besides being of substantial advantage to the Corporation."

ANY addition to the stock of Parliamentary euphemisms is to be welcomed in these days of very plain speaking, and Lord Granville contributed a pleasing one the other night. He informed the House of Lords that the First Lord of the Admiralty was suffering from "a malady not altogether unknown to some of your lordships." For this once the phrase may be explained—Lord Northbrook has got the gout.

ALL the Indian troopships have now been fitted throughout with the electric light, and it is calculated that the cost will be exactly half what it was during the reign of the less bright and more expensive colza. All new ships will be similarly fitted. The *World* asks:—Will the stringent Admiralty regulations with regard to "lights out" still remain in force with the new illuminator?

WE understand that Colonel Wise is to be appointed to the post of Inspector-General of Police, Bombay Presidency, shortly, when Major Portman will succeed him. Mr. Vincent will get the appointment on the B. B. and C. I. Railway. Mr. Adams, now the 1st Assistant, at Khandeish, will take charge of the Tanna District.

MR. EAST has been ordered to proceed to Poona to take charge of the duties of District Magistrate and Collector of that district. He has delivered over charge of the Tanna District to Mr. Loch, the 1st Assistant Collector and Magistrate.

WE are informed that a robbery of Rs. 5,000 took place in the down mail-train on the B. B. and C. I. Railway between Bandora and Bassein on Friday last. Inquiries are being made by the Railway Police, without so far producing any very satisfactory result.

A CORRESPONDENT at Tanna writes to say that about half-a-dozen dacoits have attacked the house of a Brahman at Khundee. The Brahman was severely belaboured, after which the robbers decamped with two hundred rupees worth of property. Mr. Vincent, the Police Superintendent, proceeded to the spot at once and arrested several persons alleged to have been implicated in the robbery. The prisoners will be placed before Mr. Thuttay, the Divisional Magistrate, shortly.

MR. E. C. OZANNE, Director of Agriculture, who has been spending a week at Hyderabad, Sind, where he inspected the model farm, has returned to Bombay.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL G. LUCK, C. B., Commanding in Sind, accompanied by Major Stopford, Assistant Quartermaster-General, proceeded on the 19th inst. from Kurrachee to Hyderabad and Jacobabad by the mixed train for the purpose of inspecting the troops at those stations. During the absence of Brigadier-General Luck, Colonel Nicolson, 30th Native Infantry, will command the Kurrachee station.

MR. H. ERSKINE, Commissioner-in-Sind, left Kurrachee for his winter tour in the districts on the 20th inst. It was the Commissioner's intention to proceed first to Kotri by train and thence down the Indus, in his steamer, to Haji Bundar, thence across Hyderabad to Thar and Parkar.

A EUROPEAN British subject has just been tried at Kurrachee by a mixed jury. This was the first case of the kind since the passing of the Ilbert Bill. The accused was Thomas Cox, engine-driver on the Sind, Punjab, and Delhi Railway, and the charge against him was that of performing his duty in a negligent or improper manner, and endangering the safety of the passengers by disregarding certain signals. The evidence, however, was not conclusive, and the jury acquitted the prisoner.

BEFORE their departure from England the Earl and Countess of Dufferin received a visit from Mr. and Mrs. Cowasjee Jehangir, of Bombay, who are at present travelling in England. The *Morning Post* in mentioning this fact says:—"Mr. Cowasjee Jehangir is the nephew and heir of the wealthy Parsee benefactor of Western India, the late Sir Cowasjee Jehanghir."

THE Admiralty appointed, by telegraph, Colonel Way to the command of the Marine battalion attached to the Camel Corps in Egypt; but Lord John Hay, under the apparent impression that their lordships were trenching upon his rights as Commander-in-Chief in the Mediterranean, gave the appointment to Major Poe, and sent him from Malta to Egypt. There was no opportunity for the Admiralty to countermand the gallant Admiral's orders, even if they wished to enforce their own nomination. We may, however, hear more anon of this incident.

IS Mr. Gladstone a spiritualist? A gentleman wrote to the right hon. gentleman with reference to the report that he had attended a spiritualistic séance in Grosvenor-square, and had not only expressed his belief in the genuineness of the manifestations, but deprecated the scientific opinion on the subject. The impertinent correspondent received the following snubbing by way of a reply:—"10, Downing-street, Whitehall, November 4, 1884.—Sir,—I am directed by Mr. Gladstone to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday, and to say that while he cannot undertake to enter into details, he has expressed no conclusion upon the subject to which you refer.—I am, Sir, your obedient servant, Horace Seymour."

THE King of Congo has asked permission of the Portuguese Government to go to Portugal and make a new declaration as a vassal of His Majesty, and to seek Portuguese protection against any attempt at invasion or foreign occupation.

THERE is a limit, one must suppose, to the size of guns, and the Italian Government are apparently determined to find it. They have ordered one of 130 tons from Krupp, and it is reported that if it proves a success they will order more (and no doubt bigger ones) for the defence of their coasts. The Italians, says the *Globe*, must remember that the recoil of these monster guns is terrific, and that Italy is not very large. It would be a misfortune to Europe if after firing off a blank cartridge Italy should one day fall backwards into the sea.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE following temporary promotions have been made in the Commissariat Department, *vice* Colonel H. Rowland, Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, on furlough:—Major C. E. Hallett, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 1st class, to officiate as Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class. Major R. J. H. Wyllie, Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 1st class. Captain C. M. Fitzgerald, Sub-Assistant Commissary-General, 1st class, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class. Lieutenant W. J. H. Bond, Sub-Assistant Commissary-General, 2nd class, to officiate as Sub-Assistant Commissary-General, 1st class.

THE Commander-in-Chief in India, accompanied by the Adjutant and Quartermaster-General, the Military Secretary, and Captains Stewart and Owen, aides-de-camp, arrived at Cawnpore on Saturday morning, and among other engagements made a minute inspection of the Government Saddlery and Harness Factory during the day. The programme for Monday included a parade of all the garrison, a visit to Cooper, Allen, and Co.'s Army Boot Factory, and the Cawnpore Woollen Mills Company's Army Blanket Manufactory. His Excellency was to dine at the mess of the Scottish Rifles in the evening. Generals Wilson and Sir Herbert Macpherson were expected to reach Cawnpore on Sunday night.

COLONEL CHAPMAN is indisposed, and Captain Stewart suffering from a slight sunstroke.

HYDERABAD RACES, 1884.

FIFTH DAY, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22.

STEWARDS.—The Nawab Mooneer-ool-Moolk Bahadur; Lieut.-Col. Knox, 14th (King's) Hussars; Lieut.-Col. Morton, 14th (King's) Hussars; Major Gough, H. H. N.'s Service; Col. Coningham, 24th Regt. M.N.I.; Lieut.-Col. Gatacre, Middlesex Regt.; Lieut.-Col. Ludlow, C.I.E., H. H. N.'s Service; and M. H. Wilkinson, Esq., H. H. N.'s Service, Honorary Secretary.

Judges.—Col. Coningham and Lieut.-Col. Ludlow.

Clerks of the Scales.—H. Kirk, Esq., and F. Mugford, Esq.

Clerks of the Course.—Capt. Afsur Jung Bahadur, F. Gordon, Esq., Capt. Ahmed Abdoolah, and H. Gough, Esq.

Starter.—Ali Abdoolah, Esq.

SATURDAY'S races brought the Hyderabad meeting of 1884 to a close. On the whole, it may be looked upon as a success. The lotteries were well attended, and the betting was brisk. The weather throughout the meeting was splendid. The attendance gradually improved. H. H. the Nizam and nobles were present throughout. There was a large influx of visitors, the Rajah of Cooch Behar and many racing zemindars and the landed gentry mustering strongly. Sir Frederick Roberts, who is on inspection duty here just now, was present on the last day. With the exception of the accident to Bowen, which has left him none the worse and the fall Gerard had, nothing interfered to mar the fun of the meeting. There good many who were dissatisfied with the starting of the horses, but the duty, like that of an umpire at a cricket-match, is a thankless job, and however hard one may try to be just and fair, he is sure to draw adverse criticism. Mr. Ali Abdoolah may, however, be congratulated on the admirable manner in which carried out his onerous duties. For Saturday there were seven events marked on the card. The first and second, however, fell through. In the and race Derwis, hwho was favourite, stuck to his backers, winningeasily. For the Nizam Military Cup. The Earl was hotfavourite, though Cruiser's two previous perform ances made him many friends. Fureed, too, was strongly supported, and the finish given to the race by Mr. Maitland's good riding no doubt compensated his backers forhis defeat. HadMr. Maitland called on Fureed a little earlier the chances are that he would have won. It must, however, be remarked that Bowen, wh owas riding The Earl, did uot expect Fureed to tie him as closely as he did. In the Civilians Cup Baltic was first favourite in both the betting and lotteries, with Rex second in favour. It was therefore a great upset, when the Doctor won easily. In the Golcondah Plate, Autocrat was favourite in the lotteries, while Gift had the support of the betting ring. The perfor-ance of Mr. Whitehead's pony, was quite up to the confidence reposed in him, as he won in a trot. The Losers' Handicap brought out six competitors. Garibaldi was hot favourite. Grey-beard had a large number of admirers both in the lotteries and betting. Sunshine ridden by Kendall, therefore quite baffled all the knowing ones, when he passed the judges first.

1st Race (W. O.) 2-55 p.m.—2nd Race (W. O.) 2-55 p.m.—3rd Race at 3 p.m.—4th Race at 3-30 p.m.—5th Race at 4 p.m.—6th Race at 4-30 p.m.—7th Race at 5 p.m.

FIRST RACE.—"Surroornugger Stakes" Rs. 500, presented by the Nawab Usker Jung Bahadur. For all horses. Distance 1 mile.

Col Morton's b aus m Laughing Water, 11st. 10lbs. Owner	w o

SECOND RACE.—"The City and Suburban" Rs. 1,000 subscribed by Residents in the City of Hyderabad and Suburbs. A Handicap forced for all winners (except Arabs) at Rs. 75 optional, to losers at Rs. 50. 1½ mile.

Mr White's br aus geld Loyola 8st. 3lbs. Bowen	w o

THIRD RACE.—"Farewell Handicap" Rs. 999. A free Handicap for Galloways. Distance 1¼ miles. Sweep stakes Rs. 20 for each horse declared to start to go to the second horse. Acceptances to be declared before 8 o'clock a.m. day of the race.

Khan Bahadur's b a g Derwish. 7st. 8lb., Ramchurn	1
Mr Massy Westropp's g a g Wellington. 9st. 7lb., Vinall	2
Mr Whitehead's br a g Honors Easy, 8st. 0lb., Gerard	3
H H Aga Khan's g a g Shamshad, 8st. 4lb., Oomer	0
Mr Maurice's b a g Deception, 7st. 4lb., Native	0

Average betting.—2 to 1 against Honours Easy and Derwish, 3 to 1 against Wellington and Shamshad 4 to 1 against Deception.

They were away together. Derwish wished to lead, and shot ahead, but his jockey kept him back. At the ¼ mile Deception took the lead, with Wellington and Shamshad at his quar ters; Honours Easy last. No change took place in this order up to the ½ mile, excepting that Shamshad was gaining ground. At the ¾ mile he was on level terms with Deception, while Honours Easy began to feel his way to the front. At the mile Shamshad took the lead from Deception; Derwish, who had been given rein third. At the straight Derwish caught the others up, increased his lead, and won easily. Honours Easy and Wellington raced hard for second place which the latter secured. Time—2 min. 54sec.

FOURTH RACE.—The "Nizam's Military Cup," presented by the officers of H. H. the Nizam's forces, value Rs. 500. A free Handicap for all Arabs. Distance 1 mile. Starting stake Rs. 50, winner to be sold for Rs. 2,000.

Mr Bowen's b a h The Earl 9st. 5lb., Bowen	1
Mr Henderson's c a h Fureed, 8st. 8lb., Mr Maitland	2
Mr C N C's g a h Cruiser, 8st. 7lb., Ramchurn	3
H H Aga Khan's b a h Sir Frank, 9st. 0lb., Vinall	0

Betting.—Even on The Earl, 2 to 1 against Cruiser 4 to 1 against Fureed, 6 to 1 against Sir Frank.

After one attempt they left evenly. Cruiser soon took the lead, and made the running in capital form, with The Earl, Sir Frank, and Fureed lying close behind him. At the ¾ Fureed lessened the distance between Cruiser and himself, while at the straight The Earl took the lead and was winning in a canter, when Fureed, at a call from his rider, responded bravely, and almost won. Cruiser was nowhere. Won by a short neck. Time—1min. 55sec.

FIFTH RACE.—"The Civilians Cup." Value Rs. 1,000, presented by the Civilians in the Service of H. H. the Nizam. Handicap for all Arabs and Country-breds that have won during the meeting. Force for winners at Rs. 75, optional to losers at Rs. 50. 2 miles.

Mr Abdool Rahman's g a h The Doctor, 8st 7lb Oomer	1
H H Aga Khan's g a h Khusroo, 8st [illegible] Kendall	2
Rao Rajah Tez Singh's b a g Rex, 8st 12lb Bowen	3
Rao Rajah Tez Singh's c a h Dardanelles, 9st 4lb Clarke	0
Aga Jan's b a h Baltic, 9st Vinall	0
Mr Percival's c a h Sunshine, 7st 7lb Native	0
Khan Bahadur's br a h Reserved, 7st 6lb Ramchurn	0

Lottery value Rs. 3,000; Rao Rajah Tez Singh's Rex, Rs. 580; Rao Rajah Tez Singh's Dardanelles, Rs. 580; Aga Jan's Baltic, Rs. 930; Mr. Abdool Rahman's The Doctor, Rs. 320; Khan Bahadur's, Reserved, Rs. 350; H. H. Aga Khan's Khusroo, Rs. 190: total Rs. 2,370.

Average Betting.—Even on Baltic, 4 to 1 against Rex, 5 to 1 against The Doctor, and Dardanelles 8 to 1 against Reserved, 12 to 1 against Khusroo.

At the second attempt they left evenly. Rex soon took the lead, in spite of Bowen's attempts to hold him in, The Doctor 2nd, Reserved, Dardanelles, and Khusroo lying together and slightly in the rear, while Baltic was greatly behind. No change was effected in this order. At the mile and a half Baltic made an effort to catch up the others, while Khusroo tried to get the lead. At the mile and three quarter The Doctor, who had been well in hand, relieved Rex, who had showed the way all along in capital form, and was now evidently exhausted. The Doctor walked in winner, while Khusroo and Rex made a splendid race of it for second place, which Kendall secured by a very short head. Time—3min. 51secs.

SIXTH RACE.—"The Golcondah Plate." Rs. 500, presented by Captain Afsur Jung Bahadur and officers of H. H. the Nizam's Body Guard. A handicap for all Ponies 13-2 and under. Entrance Rs. 50, Rs. 20 forfeit. 1 mile. Entrance for the above Handicaps to be sent by 7 o'clock a.m., on the day before the race. Weights will be out at 10 a.m.

Mr Whitehead's g a p Autocrat, 8st. 2lbs., Gerard	1
Rao Rajah Tez Singh's b a p The Gift, 8st 7lbs., Bowen	2
The Rajah of Paikpara's g a p Grey Knight, 8st 11lbs., T. Kendall	3
Mr Hyde's g a p K T, 8st. 11lbs., Vinall	0
Mr Henderson's b a p Colonel, 8st. 2lbs., Mr Maitland	0

Lottery value, Rs. 1,500, Mr. Whitehead's Autocrat, Rs. 480; Mr. Hyde's K.T., Rs. 360; Rao Rajah Tez Sing's The Gift, Rs. 290; The Rajah of Paikpara's Grey Knight, Rs. 270; Mr. Henderson's Colonel, Rs. 140: total Rs. 1,540.

Average Batting.—2 to 1 against the Gift, 4 to 1 against K.T. and Autocrat, 5 to 1 against Grey Knight, 6 to 1 against Colonel.

After one false start they were off together. Grey Knight rushed along, with Autocrat at his heels. At the ½ mile Autocrat relieved the Knight who fell back with The Gift, while The Colonel and K. T., followed the leader. At the ¾ miles The Gift and Grey Knight wished to resume their position, and when at the straight Autocrat was leading, with The Gift second Grey Knight third Autocrat soon drew away from the others and won in a trot. Time—1m. 57sec.

SEVENTH RACE.—"Losers' Handicap" Rs. 999. A free Handicap for all Arabs that have not won a race during the meeting. Distance R. C. and distance. Sweep stakes Rs. 30 for each horse declared to start to go to the second horse. Should the highest weight not accept, the other weights to be raised 5 lbs. all round. Acceptances to be in the box before 10 o'clock p.m. Five horses to start, otherwise no race.

Mr Percival's ch a h Sunshine, 8st. 0lb., T. Kendall	1
Mr White's g a h Grey Beard, 8st. 7lb., Bowen	2
Khan Bahadur's b a g Derwish, 7st. 0lb., Ramchurn	3
Aga Jan's b a h Garibaldi, 9st. 1 lb., Vinall	0
Mr Whitehead's br a g Honours Easy, 7st. 4lb., Native	0
Mr Hyde's b a h Hemlock, 6st. 7lb., Native	0

Lottery value, Rs. 1,500. Aga Jan's Garibaldi, Rs. 680; Mr. White's Grey Beard, Rs. 340; Mr. Percival's Sunshine, Rs. 330; Khan Bahadur's Derwish, Rs. 230; Mr. Whitehead's, Honours Easy Rs. 110; Mr. Hyde's Hemlock, Rs. 110: total Rs. 1,800.

Average betting.—Garibaldi and Grey Beard, 2 to 1; Sunshine, 5 to 1; Derwish 10 to 1; Honours Easy and Hemlock 12 to 1.

A good start. Sunshine began to show the way, but was held in by Kendall. At the ¼ mile Hemlock, followed closely by Garibaldi, was leading, the others well together. At the ½ mile Sunshine got behind Garibaldi, and caught him up at the ¾. Meanwhile Grey-beard was making headway. At the mile and a quarter Sunshine relieved Hemlock of the lead, Grey-beard second, Derwish coming up. At the straight there was a good race between Sunshine and Grey-beard; the former, however, won as he liked, Derwish third. Time—3min. 5½sec.

THE COLABA PRESS COMPANY.

AN annual general meeting of this company was held yesterday afternoon in the office of Benn Ashley and Co., Elphinstone Circle, when Mr. Jefferson presided. The following report of the directors was submitted to the meeting:—

You are aware that on the 22nd day of December 1883, your company was withdrawn from liquidation, and the directors took over charge of the management of the company's affairs from that date. The liquidators rendered their final accounts up to 30th November, 1883. The number of bales pressed from 1st December, 1883, to 30th June, 1884, has been 60,842, making in all 84,651 bales during the twelve months ending 30th June, 1884, showing an increase of 2,894 bales, over the previous year. Your directors are glad to report that the working of the presses has been satisfactory. No efforts were spared to ensure economy in expenditure while efficiency has not been overlooked. It will be seen from the printed accounts already distributed amongst the shareholders, that the nett profit for the seven months ending 30th June, 1884, was Rs. 33,969-8-6, which added to Rs. 2,72,826-1-6, the balance of last account, makes up a total of Rs. 3,06,795-10.0, standing to the credit of profit and loss account. Your directors hope that the shareholders will agree with them in considering the result of the year's working satisfactory. Out of this sum your directors propose to declare a dividend at the rate of Rs. 575 per share, which will absorb Rs. 2,87,500, leaving balance of Rs. 19,295-10-0, to be carried forward to next year's account. Your directors beg to report that they have discontinued a policy of fire insurance for rupees oné lac, leaving your property insured for two lacs, which they hope will meet with your approval. Government securities for Rs. 1,15,000 have been set apart and transferred into the names of Messrs. Joseph Jefferson, Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy and Nowrojee Jehangeer Gamadia in accordance with the special resolutions passed on the 24th November and confirmed on the 22nd December 1883. The trust-deed for the same was executed on the 26th day of September last. To carry out the special resolutions passed on the 17th April and confirmed on the 2nd May, 1884, reducing the company's capital to Rs. 5,00,000, an application was made to the High Court for an order sanctioning such reduction which was granted on the 10th day of October, 1884. Your directors beg to draw your attention to a large sum of Rs. 12,922 paid this year to the Colaba Land and Mill Company, Limited, in addition to the usual rent, as a fine which is to be paid at the end of every twenty-one years, in terms of the lease of the 29th April, 1842. They propose in future to set aside every year a sum of 615-5-4 being the equivalent 1-21, part of the said fine and to be taken into account as ground rent for the year. In compliance with the special resolutions passed on the 24th November and confirmed on the 22nd December 1883, your directors now retire and you will have to elect you, board. They are eligible for re-election. In accordance with clause 40 of the deed of co-partnership of the company, you will also have to elect an auditor and fix his remuneration.

Resolutions were then passed, adopting the report declaring a dividend of Rs. 600 per share, re-electing Messrs. Joseph Jefferson, Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy, Nowrojee Jehangeer Gamadia H. A. Suntook and Heerji Ruttonsey directors for the ensuing year, appointing Mr. Nussurvanjee Sorabjee Jamsetjee as auditor for the ensures year at a remuneration of Rs. 200.

A vote of thanks to the chairman concluded the meeting.

FIFTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.—Nov. 25.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

THE PARELL MURDER CASE.

JANOO DHONDEE, a tent lascar, lately employed at Government House, Parell, was charged with having on the 7th Setember last caused the death of his wife Dewkee. The Hon. Mr. Farran, with Mr. Fox, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Dhairyavan for the defence. The undermentioned gentlemen were empanelled upon the

SPECIAL JURY.

MR. HAROLD R. KING.—Foreman.

Mr. James Douglas.	Mr. Geo. Cotton.
Mr. N. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy.	Mr. P. Kapadia.
Mr. Tribhowandas V. Madhowdas.	Mr. Ardasir C. Parukh.
Mr. Eduljee R. Reporter.	Mr. J. Stiven.

Mr. J. Westall and Mr. M. R. Wyer, who were called on the special jury, were challenged.

Mr. Farran, in addressing the jury, said the prisoner was charged with the murder of his wife Dewkee, a young woman about fifteen years of age. The death was caused by the cutting of her throat. The prisoner was a tent lascar employed at Government House, Parell, and lived in a room to which access was obtained by two doors, one in the front and another on the side. He was married to the deceased about April last, and it would appear from the evidence that he and his wife did not live happily together. On Tuesday, the 2nd September last, the deceased went to her mother's house, and lived there until the Thursday following. On Thursday evening, the 4th September, the prisoner went to the house with his mother and some other persons; and after some conversation he forcibly took away his wife with him to his own house. Gunga, the mother of the deceased, followed them. They were taken before Mr. George, constable, residing at Byculla, to whom the accused complained of his mother-in-law inducing his wife to run away from him. The deceased said that she left her husband because he ill-treated her. Mr. George warned the prisoner not to ill-treat his wife, and he was allowed to take her home with him. About sunset that day one Bhaghee, a relation who had been on a visit, was in the prisoner's room, and she saw Dewkee in her usual health. That was the last time the deceased was seen alive. Leaving her in the room, prisoner and Bhaghee went to a caste dinner at the latter's place. The deceased had some food sent to her. Prisoner, after having taken his meal, was seen going about 8 p.m. in the direction of Government House. Late that night the prisoner went to a policeman on guard at Government House, and slept near the guard's post, alleging that he was annoyed by mosquitoes in his own room and could not sleep there. About 6-30 that morning Mr. Lobo, a clerk at Government House, sent a hamal named Rama Poondlik to the prisoner's room. Rama found the front door of the prisoner's room locked. A Marathi writing was pasted to it, which he read, and then went to the side door, which was fastened from inside with a string. He purshed it open, and on looking in he saw something lying on the floor, covered up. Information was given to Mr. Lobo, who went with Rama and a police constable to the room, and found the deceased lying dead on the ground in a pool of blood. The prisoner was sleeping near the guard till 4 a.m., but nothing was seen of him afterwards. Search was made for him by dragging the wells in the locality. About 4 p.m. that day, prisoner went to his room, and threw a blanket on the floor. The policeman who was on guard in the room at once arrested him. On his person was found a Mahratti writing which, if admitted in evidence, would show that he was the person who committed the murder. On his clothes being searched, blood was found upon his "lungootee" and his "dhotur." Three keys were also found with him, one of which opened the padlock fastened to the front door of his room. Prisoner took the police to a room in the compound of Government House which was occupied by Mr. Lopez, who was absent from Bombay. Prisoner opened the padlock fastened to the door of the room with one of the three keys found upon him, and in the room were found papers with Marathi writing. A piece of blotting paper was also found with traces of Marathi writing upon it. Some fragments of paper were found which, on being pieced together, formed another Marathi writing, the third writing, which, if admitted in evidence, would point to the prisoner as the person who committed the murder. In the paper which was found upon the prisoner's person were detailed certain circumstances; and the prosecution had proof in their possession to show that those circumstances actually occurred. If his lordship thought it necessary, Mr. Farran said he would first prove those circumstances, and then ask for the admission of the paper in evidence. There were circumstances mentioned in the document which might possibly incline the jury to the opinion that the offence committed was not murder. The prosecution would contend that those circumstances were not such as to mitigate the offence charged against the accused.

Evidence was then led for the prosecution.

Gunga, a woman, said she lived at Dhobie Talao, and knew the prisoner, who had married her daughter, about fifteen years of age. The marriage took place about five months before the murder. Prisoner was a tent lascar employed at Government House, Parell, and he lived with his wife in a room there. Five or six days before the murder her daughter, named Dewkee, came to her house and complained of ill-treatment by her husband. She came to witness's house on a Tuesday, and on the following Thursday she was taken away about 8-30 p.m. by her husband, her mother-in-law, and some other persons. Witness followed them. When at Byculla, on the way to Government House, they went to the quarters of Mr. George, constable, to whom Dewkee made a complaint of ill-treatment at the hands of her husband. Mr. George, after he heard the case, told witness to go home, and allowed her daughter to be taken away by her husband.

Cross-examined by Mr. Dhairyavan.—My daughter was a young girl, and I thought her allegations of ill-treatment might be false. I did not know. Prisoner was an affectionate husband, and wanted his wife to live constantly with him.

Mr. James George, constable of police, remembered the prisoner, his wife, and his mother-in-law coming to witness's quarters at Byculla about 9 p. m. on Thursday, the 4th September. The prisoner complained of his mother-in-law taking away his wife. The wife complained of ill-treatment by her husband. After some conversation, on the prisoner promising not to ill-treat her the deceased consented to go to her husband's house, and went with him accordingly.

Bhaghee, a woman, who lived near the Victoria Gardens, remembered going to the prisoner's room at Government House, Parell, on the afternoon of the 7th September last. He was related to her. She stayed in prisoner's house till sunset. Dewkee was in her usual health at the time. Leaving her in the room, she and prisoner went to her house to a caste-dinner. Prisoner left about 7-30 p. m. on his way home. He was not drunk at the time.

Rama Poondlik, a tent lascar residing at Government House, remembered the Monday on which the deceased's corpse was found. About 7 or 7-30 a. m. on that morning, in consequence of a direction received from Mr. Lobo, witness went to look for the prisoner. On going to his room, witness found the front door locked, and a paper in the Balbodh character pasted to it. Witness read the paper. On going to the side door, he found it fastened from inside with a string, and on being pushed, it gave way, and he went inside the room. He found something lying on the ground, covered up. A report was made to Mr. Lobo, with whom witness and others went to the room. Dewkee was found lying dead on the floor with her throat cut. Prisoner had possession of the key of a padlock fastened to the room of Mr. Lopez, another Government House official, who was absent from Bombay.

Mr. C. A. Lobo, a clerk at Government House, Parell, lived there. He gave the prisoner leave on the 2nd or 3rd September last, and he came back after three days. Prisoner said his wife had run away. A few days later, on Rama Poondlik making a report to witness, he went to prisoner's room. He saw the deceased lying on the ground with her throat cut. A knife (produced) was lying on a box in the room. It was covered with dry blood.

Wittoo Hurry, a police constable who was on duty at Government House on the day in question, gave corroborative evidence. Other witnesses were also called to give corroborative evidence.

Mr. Farran read to the jury one of the Marathi writings above referred to. In it the prisoner stated that he had killed his wife because an offence was committed by her. He next gave a history of his grievances against his wife, of her living for a few days at a time in questionable places and of her infidelity, and wound up with the statement that he had committed suicide at midnight. The other writings were to a similar effect—the prisoner stating that he had committed suicide after killing his wife.

The case for the prosecution closed here.

The prisoner, when asked by the judge if he had anything to say, said he left his case in the hands of his counsel.

Mr. Farran briefly summed up the evidence for the prosecution.

Mr. Dhairyavan, for the defence, urged that the Marathi writings were quite enough to induce the jury to return a verdict of culpable homicide not amounting to murder. The learned counsel commented at some length upon the evidence for the prosecution; and submitted that, considering all the circumstances of the case, the jury should acquit the prisoner.

The judge summed up the case. If the prisoner was not the murderer, who else could it be? It was not a paramour who could possibly have committed the murder, for not a tittle of evidence had been adduced to show that to a paramour of the deceased the crime must be attributed. The Marathi writings, if the jury believed them to be genuine, would seem to show that the prisoner was the person who committed the murder. It was for the jury to say if there was any doubt that the prisoner's was the hand that committed the murder. Having come to a conclusion on that point, it was for the jury to say whether the offence was one of murder, or of culpable homicide not amounting to murder. If the jury thought that there was a certain amount of provocation, that the prisoner was deprived of the power of self-control when committing the deed, he should be acquitted of the graver charge of murder. The mother-in-law stated the prisoner was affectionate to his wife, and if that was so, it must have been strong provocation which could lead the prisoner to commit the crime with which he was charged. If the jury thought that the evidence on the point was equally balanced, they were bound to give the prisoner the benefit of any reasonable doubt. To his lordship's mind, it would seem the safer course would be to find the prisoner guilty of the less grave charge. His lordship said the jury were not bound to accept his view of the matter; and they were finally told to consider their verdict.

The jury after a short consultation, returned a unanimous verdict of culpable homicide not amounting to murder.

The judge, in passing sentence, observed that the jury had taken, and in his lordship's opinion, with perfect correctness, a lenient view of the case. The sentence of the court was that the prisoner be transported for life.

The court adjourned at 6-30 p.m. until to-morrow (Wednesday) morning.

SMALL CAUSE COURT.—MONDAY.

(Before Mr. W. E. HART, Chief Judge.)

DISPUTE ABOUT AN HOUSE AGENT'S COMMISSION.

PESTONJEE BYRAMJEE COLAH *vs.* J. S. PIRRIE.

MR. BROWN, of Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown appeared for the plaintiff, Mr. C. A. Winter appeared for the defendant.

His Honour delivered the following judgment:—In this case the plaintiff, who is the well known House Agent P. Byramjee, sues Mr. John Sinclair Perrie, the original proprietor of, now a principal partner in the Carnac Iron Works, to recover from him the sum of Rs. 886-12, alleged to be due to the plaintiff as commission or brokerage earned by him in effecting the sale of a lease which the defendant held of a house at Chowpatty. The amount claimed is made up by calculating the commission at the rate of 4 per cent. on the total rent for the whole unexpired portion of the defendant's ten years' lease and on a premium of Rs. 1,000 agreed to be paid to him by the proposed tenant found by the plaintiff. There was no special agreement between the parties as to the rate of remuneration, but the amount of 4 per cent. is claimed by the plaintiff by virtue of what he calls "the custom of house agents" in Bombay, whereby he alleges the local usage on trade to be for them to recover 2 per cent. from each side in effecting such a bargain as the present, and inasmuch as the defendant, after empowering him to find a purchaser of his lease and to conclude with him (which he did), himself disposed of the lease to another, he claims to hold the defendant responsible for the whole 4 per cent. Now as to the "custom of house agents" in Bombay, it seems to me to be of the shadowest description. There are only two of the trade in Bombay, P. Byramjee and E. Flower. No doubt, they, to a certain extent, belie the old adage that two of a trade never agree, for they do agree in saying their custom is to charge each side 2 per cent. on the total rent for the whole unexpired portion of a lease as well as on the premium if any. But there is another adage that "one swallow cannot make spring." No more should I say, can two house agents make a trade custom, especially where one of them has only practised the "custom" for seventeen years, and the other not more than thirty. But that is not all. Mr. Flower, who constitutes one half of the total number of house agents in Bombay, admits that where, as in this case, the commission calculated according to the "custom" amounts to a large, not to say extravagant sum in relation to the trouble taken and the work done, he adopts another, and in my humble opinion at least equally reasonable, "custom of making a very considerable reduction in his charges. So that the "custom" on which the plaintiff relies would appear to be invariable only in regard to himself, or the other half of all the house agents, and therefore could certainly not be held to be such a trade usage as would be binding on the whole community. This would also appear to have been the opinion of the High Court in a case referred to my predecessor (No. 21,132 of 1877) in which Mr. Flower as plaintiff claiming 2 per cent. only on a monthly rental of Rs. 335 for ten years, was awarded Rs. 500 only, or little more than half his claim. No doubt that was a verdict by consent, but a consent given under some pressure from the Court, which would not have been exercised had the alleged "custom" been considered proved as reasonable and binding. I think, therefore, in the absence of any special agreement as to the amount of his remuneration, Mr. P. Byramjee will have to content himself with a *quantum meruit*, or reasonable reward in regard to the work done. Such a reasonable reward he seems to me to have very considerably exceeded in the sum which he claims in the present suit. But then Mr. P. Byramjee is not, apparently, a very reasonable man. He knew on 22nd January, 1884, from the defendant's letter of that date, that the defendant contested his right to claim "one single pie" in respect of the sale of the lease, and absolutely refused to pay him anything on that account. He also knew then, at least, if not before, that the defendant intended very shortly to leave for England. No doubt he says he did not know this till two or three days before the defendant actually left, but in making this assertion Mr. P. Byramjee's collection or veracity is evidently as much at fault as I have found them on a previous occasion in this Court. Mr. Pirie's letter of 11th January to the plaintiff clearly discloses that his reason for wishing to sell the lease is his intended departure from Bombay. Plaintiff says that at a subsequent interview on 17th January the defendant informed him that he had changed or modified his intentions in this respect, but the only evidence of this is plaintiff's own assertion. It is absolutely denied by defendant, and it is rendered very improbable by the undoubted facts that two house agents as well as defendant himself were at that very time engaged in trying to dispose of the lease, and the sale of defendant's furniture was being advertised in the daily papers. Then by plaintiff's own showing he knew on Saturday, 19th January, that the defendant had succeeded in himself disposing of this lease, and his furniture was advertised for sale. This certainly points to an early withdrawal from the country. On 22nd January, as I have pointed out, plaintiff is definitely informed that defendant refuses to recognise his right to any remuneration whatever. But he does not take out this summons till 16th February making it returnable on 7th March. Even then admittedly, no attempt whatever is made to serve it till 21st February. On that day commenced a series of futile attempts to serve the defendant at his bungalow, at his office, and at Finlay, Muir's office, all timed so exactly as to miss him by a few minutes at each place that they lent some colour to Mr. Winter's suggestion that the failures were intentional. I am, however, willing to concede that this is not proved, and that the failures to serve the summons were the result of a series of untoward accidents, supplemented by a little want of judgment on the part of those entrusted with the service of the summons, for which the plaintiff is not liable. But at least he is liable for his laches up to 21st February. Then, on the morning of the 23rd, the very day on which defendant was to sail for England, a fact of which the plaintiff, on his own admission, was aware two or three days before, the defendant is at last served with the summons, and nothing more. But later in the day the plaintiff came to this Court, and by means of an affidavit which I can only characterize as exceedingly dishonest, succeeded in getting from the 2nd Judge an order for the arrest before judgment of the defendant, such an order I think it was impossible to refuse to grant on that affidavit. In it the plaintiff not only suppressed the fact that he had known for some days of the defendants intended departure, and for some weeks of the sale of his furniture, but suggested the fiction that he had only just then for the first time ascertained these facts. He suggested what was wholly untrue, that the defendant had sold his int-rest in the Carnac Iron Works, and concluded with swearing to a belief which under the circumstances of the case it was quite impossible, he entertained, that the defendant was leaving Bombay for the purpose of avoiding a decree in this suit. Armed with the warrant issued on the faith of this affidavit, the plaintiff lay in wait for the defendant till he was on his way to embark, late in the afternoon of the 23rd February, a Saturday. He then had him arrested, and though the banks and most of the shops were closed, rendering the cashing of a cheque almost a matter of impossibility, refused to allow the bailiff to take defendant's cheque or a security for the payment of the amount under protest, insisting on an immediate deposit of cash to the full amount. This, I think, was a little unreasonable on the part of the plaintiff, having regard to the position, means, and credit of the defendant, which rendered it extremely improbable that his cheque would not be honoured, or the security offered by him be valueless. But it is still more unreasonable that in the face of all these facts the plaintiff should invite me to believe that he was actuated throughout by the purest and most considerate motives, and had no idea whatever either of annoying the defendant or of using the process of this Court as an engine of extortion for enforcing the payment of a claim on the face of it excessive, and which there are reasonable grounds to contest *in toto*. Fortunately, for the defendant, one of his friends happened to have by him a sum of money sufficient to cash his cheque, and he was enabled to proceed on his intended voyage after paying the amount of the claim to the bailiff under protest. I have, therefore, now to dispose of the case on the merits. It is admitted that the defendant did instruct the plaintiff on the 10th January, 1884, to try and find a purchaser of the lease. It is also admitted that on 17th January plaintiff informed defendant that he had found in Mr Jehangir Manockjee Cursetjee a purchaser willing to take the lease on the lowest terms which defendant had informed plaintiff he would accept. It is also admitted that, after this intimation from the plaintiff, the defendant closed with Mr Dadabhai Hormusjee Dubash, with whom he had previously been personally negotiating, for the sale to him of the lease at a higher price than that offered by Mr Jehangir. It further appears from the evidence of Mr. Jehangir that the plaintiff, representing himself as fully authorized by the defendant to conclude the bargain finally closed with his offer, but shortly afterwards still representing himself as authorized by the defendant came and requested him to cancel the bargain on the ground that the defendant had changed his mind about breaking up his establishment, as his wife was not going home, and that Mr Jehangir, from an unwillingness to inconvenience the defendant, courteously acceded to this request. As to this, the plaintiff says that when on 17th January he informed the defendant that Mr. Jehangir was the purchaser on his terms, defendant requested him to get that gentleman to cancel the bargain, as defendant's wife was not going home with him, and he wished to keep on the bungalow. This is flatly denied by the defendant, and there is no evidence of it beyond the uncorroborated assertion of the plaintiff, which I am by no means inclined to implicitly believe in the face of a denial by a witness of at least equal credit with himself, and it is improbable that the defendant would make such an assertion at a time when his furniture was being advertised for sale in the daily papers, which there was every likelihood of the plaintiff seeing. But, it is argued, the terms of the plaintiff's retainer by the defendant are such as to place in plaintiff's hands full authority to dispose of the lease on the terms stated by defendant, without further reference to him, and defendant was bound to accept any unexceptionable purchaser (such as Mr. Jehangir undoubtedly was) when the plaintiff might find for the defendant on those terms. The whole question between the parties then seems to me virtually to depend on this point of authority last stated. The retainer of the plaintiff is contained in the defendant's two letters of 10th and 11th January, 1884, and I think it is quite impossible for any one not gifted with the vivid imagination of the plaintiff to discover in them the unlimited athority he affects to find in them. The first simply enquires if plaintiff can undertake the work, and promises further particulars. The second contains these further particulars, detailing the term of the defendant's lease, the cost of the improvements effected by defendant, and the accommodation. No fixed terms are stated' for the defendent writes, in reference to the improvements effected by himself, amounting to Rs. 2,500 "I expect to be paid by the incoming tenant, or to have Rs. 10 per month extra rent," and again, "Should any Parsee family wish to have it I must insist on the payment of my improvements at least *Rs.* 2,000 if possible" Still less is there anywhere any authority to plaintiff to dispose of the lease without further reference to the defendant. That it was not intended that he shoud have such authority is clear, not only from the alternative manner in which the defendant state the terms he is willing to accept, but from the fact that the house was also placed in the hand of the other house-agent, Mr. Flower, and that the defenant reserved to himself the right of himself disposing of the lease if he could. The plaintiff denies that he knew the house was in the handsof Flower, but defendant swears he informed him of the fact, and plaintiff admits that he saw Flower's advertisement of the house in the daily papers. He also admits that before Mr. Jehangir's final offer, he communicated to defendant a series of lower offers, from Mr. Jehangir and others which is not very consistent with his present contention that he had absolute authority to dispose of the lease on certain definite terms. He also admits that when he communicated these lower offers to defendant the latter informed him that he had himself got higher offers, so that he must have known the defendant was trying himself to dispose of the lease. All these facts I think point conclusively to the inference that not only is there no such authority as plaintiff claims expressed in the letters of retainer, but that it was not intended by the defendant nor understood by the plaintiff, that he should have any such authority. This being so, the plaintiff's duty was simply the ordinary duty of a house-agent to communicate offers to his principal for him to accept or not as he pleased. It is not pretended that he ever accepted Mr. Jehangir's, for whichever version is correct of what took place at the interview of 17th January, it is clear that the defendant did not accept Mr. Jehangir's as his purchaser. The plaintiff's case therefore entirely fails, and must be dismissed with full professional costs Rs. 51. The plaintiff tiff is further shown, by means of a reckless and disingenous affidavit, barely within the bounds of actual perjury, to have subjected a respectable person to the inconvenience and indignity of an arrest before judgment, effected with unnecessary rigour and under circumstances of peculiar aggravation, in the hope of thereby extorting from him a sum to which the plaintiff clearly had not the shadow of a right. Such conduct is particularly reprehensible on the part of a person who like the plaintiff pretends to a good position amongst the most respectable class of tradesmen. I think I should be wanting in my duty to the community in general, and to the defendant, in particular, if I did not exercise the power I have to award amends for an unwarrantable arrest by ordering the plaintiff to pay the defendant some substantial compensation. He has by means of this arrest kept the defendant out of more than Rs. 950 for a period of 9 months. The interest on that sum for that time at 9 per cent. per annum amounts to more than Rs. 60, and I think the defendant may fairly claim under the circumstances of the case a further sum as compensation for the personal indignity and annoyance inflicted on him by the plaintiff. I therefore order that in addition to the costs already awarded, the plaintiff pay to the defendant the sum of Rs. 100 as compensation.

MILL-HANDS AND THE FACTORY COMMISSION.

THE following letter has been addressed to Mr. W. B. Mulock, president of the Factory Commission, Bombay, by the chairman of the Mill-Hands Association:—On behalf of the operatives employed in the Spinning and Weaving Mills in this city, we have the honour respectfully to beg that you will be pleased to lay before the Commission now sitting to enquire into their condition the following Resolutions adopted unanimously at the public meeting of mill-hands held at Parell and Byculla on the 23rd and 26th ultimo respectively.

I. That all mill-hands be allowed one complete day of rest every Sunday.

II. That half an hours's recess be allowed them at noon every working day.

III. That work in Mills should commence at 6-30 a.m., and cease at sunset.

IV. That payment of wages be made not later than the 15th of the month following that for which they have been earned.

V. That a workman sustaining serious injury in the course of his work at the mill, which may disable him for a time, should receive full wages until he recovers, and that in case of his being maimed for life suitable provision be made for his livelihood.

2. With regard to the foregoing Resolutions, we would beg leave to make a few observations, explanatory of the views entertained by the meetings respecting the concessions prayed for.

3. The concession for weekly rest asked for is a moderate demand, and will, we are sanguine, prove advantageous to both the employers and the employés. The employers would (1) benefit in securing a body of healthier operatives, who working with energy would turn out work satisfactory both as to quantity and quality. (2) The prayer contained in the first Resolution if granted would further afford the operatives and particulary women the much needed opportunity of attending to many domestic duties which they cannot well perform at present and making purchases in the market which the present unseasonable hours of attendance prevent them from doing. The result is that necessaries of life are bought from hawkers who charge exorbitant prices and supply inferior articles. The loss to mill-owners from over-taxing the energies of their servants by the unnatural system of incessant work for nearly 13 to 14 hours a day, is far greater than they are aware of.

4. With regard to the second Resolution we would submit that although the so-called half an hour's recess at mid-day already obtains in the mills, it is granted grudgingly, and when it comes to be closely looked at, the grace is found to consist of from 15 to 20 minutes only. Much of this scanty recess is again taken up by the present system of delivering tickets at the time. This latter inconvenience can be avoided by dispensing with the noon day delivery of tickets and substituting for it the checking of ticket numbers off the muster roll, by the time-keeper going the round among the operatives at work.

5. The uncertainty at present prevailing in regard to the hour for starting work is harassing to a degree, and is the source of great inconvenience and discomfort to the workmen. A fixed and uniform time of attendance is therefore greatly needed.

6. A fixed time for the payment of wages is suggested to obviate the great hardship felt by the operatives who, as a rule, save nothing and are mostly involved in debt. The great delay in the payment of wages adds largely to their embarrassments. We submit that if mill-owners desire to have a sort of hold on their servants—to prevent desertion—the necessities of the case would be fully met by their retaining in hand a fortnight's pay of the men in arrears.

7. Lastly, in regard to accidents, the claim is urged in the interests of humanity. The distress brought about by being maimed for life or even for a few months is insufferable, and some relief to mitigate the sufferings and hard ships seems needed, and we submit for consideration whether the amounts of mulcts and forfeited wages cannot be advantageously and with propriety, appropriated for this humane purpose.

8. In laying thus briefly before you the wishes of a large body of mill operatives, we are conscious that we have far from adequately represented their wants. We have hopes that the Commission with the large store of facts before them, will make allowance if this humble representation fails in completeness. What we pray for especially is sympathy and fairness towards the poor workmen more especially women, young persons and children who are ill able to make themselves heard, and the kindness of Government in instituting the present enquiries as to our condition give us confidence that our interests will be carefully watched in the course of the investigation.

THE BOUNDARY COMMISSION.

THE correspondent of the *Pioneer* with the Afghan Boundary Commission telegraphing from Camp Chah Gazak via Quetta (Nov 12), says:—We halted here to-day, about 26 miles south by west of Herat. We marched yesterday 38 miles from Sher Baksh through country quite destitute of water. We started at 4 a.m. The pickets were withdrawn and the rear-guard moved off before 4-45. The cavalry marched straight through, arriving at 3 p.m. Mr. Merk, with two native attachés and a party of sowars, at once arranged for beacons along the road to guide the infantry and baggage. An undulating country, a winding and badly defined track, and a moonless night combined to increase the chances of losing the road. At sundown the infantry for a time went astray and halted, but the lighting of the beacons rescued them from the unpleasant prospect of a cold night under the starry firmament. They reached camp about 7 p. m. The baggage commenced arriving at 9-15 p.m., and the rear-guard under Captain Heath entered camp before 11 p.m. Water was sent halfway in puckals and mussucks. The followers were mounted on camels, but the infantry marched every step. The record of such a march is the highest encomium that can be passed on their pluck and endurance. This long march has had no injurious effect on the health of the men—rather the reverse. The transport is to-day getting the rest it requires. Some of the cavalry horses are knocked up by two successive marches of 23 and 38 miles respectively and picket duty during the intervening night. This long march has proved detrimental to survey work. The traverse was carried through to the 29th mile, when darkness intervened and the perambulator alone could be utilised. Our late rapid marching has been done because the Nurzais and Alizais, inhabiting this district, and the Cabuli troops garrisoned here, are supposed to be, irrespective of national hatred, strongly averse on religious grounds to the presence of infidels and idolaters, *alias* Christians and Hindus, in their country.

Mohamed Tukki Khan, our news-agent at Herat, arrived here to-day. The Governor of Herat with 2,500 cavalry, irregular levies from the Chahar Aimak, and a small body-guard of Cabuli cavalry meets us at Lindajan on the 14th. Our future marches are Pahra, on the 13th; Lindajan, 14th; Rauzanak, 15th; and Kuhsan on the 16th, where Sir Peter Lumsden is expected the same day.

Colonel Ridgeway has received a letter from the Prince Governor of Khorassan promising the Mission every assistance in obtaining supplies, &c., should it need to look to Persian territory and Persian aid for them. The Shah and his officials have generally displayed a friendly feeling towards the British Commission. It remains to be seen whether they will also accord to it diplomatic support, and if the British Cabinet will lay itself out to obtain that support. It seems reasonable to suppose that the Persian Government would welcome an officer from the British Government to assist it in resisting Russian encroachment from Kuhsan. It seems more than probable that the Mission will traverse Badkhis to Panjdeh. Our Quetta camel men are unwilling to accompany us beyond Kuhsan, so we shall probably be obliged to engage fresh transport there.

A MUNICIPAL DIFFICULTY.

THE Limerick Corporation met on Nov. 6 to consider a second writ received for payment of extra police. The party opposing the payment moved an adjournment, which they carried, to thwart the Government by compelling them to imprison the members on the first writ. To that writ they oppose a plausible case, which the Mayor and Town Council have embodied in a statement officially published. They declare the claim to be illegal, as the greater part of it was for the cost of extra police posted on the city at the instance of Mr. Clifford Lloyd, without the formality of a proclamation by the Lord Lieutenant. At that time, it is maintained, the city was so peaceable and orderly that it was complimented on its good behaviour by the judges. The only instance of disturbance was when a party of soldiers assaulted the citizens, who were fired on by Mr. Lloyd's police when they resisted, many persons being killed and wounded. The extra police were ordinarily employed on escort duty for Mr. Lloyd and his wife, and their immediate friends, who were accompanied wherever they went, although the city was perfectly tranquil. To charge the city for the cost of such an abuse is, the Mayor and his colleagues contend, not only a wrong but an illegality. But whatever the technical merits of the claim for the cost of the extra police after the city was proclaimed, the Corporation will resist it, and take the penalty; for they contend that there was no just pretence whatever for saying that the city required any such increase of the police force. The legal adviser of the Corporation states that the penalty will be committal to prison, to which the Corporationers say that they do not fear that; they will stay in prison six months, and leave to the Government the responsibility of depriving the city of its constituted authorities. The *Times* correspondent says that it is certain that the Corporation will not yield, the voting being 27 for resistance, and only five for a compromise. The Corporationers hold that they must win, as the Government cannot levy the rate if it be not voted by the Municipality. In another part of the country, when the Government claimed £14 for the cost of extra police, payment was resisted. The police apportioned it amongst the ratepayers, one being charged threepence half penny, another twopence, and a third one halfpenny. The money was refused "on principle," and the chairman of Petty Sessions recommended the farmers to appeal to Lord Spencer for a remission. This they declined to do, saying they had no faith in His Excellency.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by The Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 5, APOLLO-STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 26th, and TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 27th instant, at 1 p.m. each day, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "Cliff," Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood, teakwood, oak, and satinwood, plain and carved household furniture, made by Mr. Wimbridge, best electro-plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany semi-grand pianoforte by "Schiedmayer and Soehne," a first-rate mahogany full-sized slate billiard-table by "Wright," with balls, cues, lamps, &c., a handsome large aviary with rare birds, &c., complete, first-rate oil-paintings and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, a large 8-day clock on stand by "French," a handsome strong English-built C-spring barouche by "Laurie and Marner," in very good order, a handsome strong English-built brougham by Robinson, Cook, and Halloway, in very good order, gentleman's and lady's side saddles, a large cooking stove, wines, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of the Hon'ble Justice C. G. KEMBALL, the same comprises rich engine-turned pattern glassware, very handsome dinner, dessert and breakfast services, best electro-plated ware, such as oval hotwater curry dishes, cruet, pickle and eggstands, ice pitcher, tea tray, sauce tureen, butter pot, six and four lights table candelabras, table, piano and chamber candlesticks, cutlery, &c., handsome blackwood, teak wood, satinwood and English oakwood french-polished and elegantly carved household furniture, such as a set of telescopic dining table in 10 pieces for 24 persons, sideboard, claret, Madras-pattern arm and without arm chairs, handsome circular, pier, side, oblong and writing tables, easy, folding, and reclining, long arm and drawing-room chairs, very handsome conversation sofas, cabinets, ornament stand and toilet stands by "Wimbridge," rich Persian carpets, aviary with rare canaries and bool-bools, handsome Japanese and China flower vases, very rich table ornaments, a large pier glass in gilt frame with gilt pier table and marble top, a handsome mahogany full-size slate billiard table by G. Wright with balls, cues, complete, a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soehne, handsome iron painted four-post bedsteads with spring and horse hair mattresses, very handsome English teakwood bed-room suit, consisting of wardrobe with mirror, dressing and washing tables, chamber stand bed-room chairs &c., handsome clothes and gown presses, camphorwood chest of drawers and dressing and washing tables with marble top, dressing cheval glasses, dispense articles, cooking utensils, a large English cooking stove, a very large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, valuable English reports, appeals, law, and other books, &c., &c.

AT 2 P.M.

1 handsome strong English-built C-spring brougham by Robinson, Cook and Halloway.

Sets of double harness, lady's and gentleman's saddles.

Also the whole of the law library consisting of very valuable law books and reports, will be sold at 7-30 a.m. THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 26th inst.

Catalogues are published, and the property is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of old and unserviceable stores at the Bombay Tramway Company, Limited, Colaba.

On FRIDAY, the 28th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place.

A quantity of old and unserviceable stores.

On SATURDAY, the 29th inst., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at 249, Middle Colaba, near the Officers' Sanitarium, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished plain and richly carved household furniture, best plated-ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte by "Soundy and Co." (expressly made for Indian climate), a handsome large fish pond on mahogany stand with gold fish, rich Persian and velvet carpets, first-rate oleographs and pictures, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, &c., &c., the property of W. MAIDMENT, Esq. The same comprises rich plain glassware, very handsome dinner, dessert and breakfast services, best electro-plated ware such as round hotwater curry dishes, cruet, pickle and egg stands, biscuit box, breakfast companion, teapot, salver, a set of spoons and forks for 12 persons in mahogany case, twelve pair dessert knives and forks with mother-o'-pearl handle, cutlery by Mappin, very handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polised and richly carved household furniture such as a set of dining table in 6 pieces, sideboard, dumb waiter, whatnot, Madras-pattern arm and without-arm chairs, handsome circular, oval, side, pier, and writing tables, easy, folding, reclining long-arm, and drawing-room chairs, davenport, elaborately carved chiffoniers and bookstands, cabinets, teapoys with marble top, a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte by Soundy and Co., pianostool, music-stand, handsome China and Japanese flower vases, Bohemian glass flower vases, parian and marble figures, rich table ornaments, hadsome table hanging and wall bracket lamps, rich velvet Persian and Brussels carpets, handsome teakwood Madras-pattern bedstead, very handsome new design dressing and washing tables, dressing glasses, clothes and gown presses, handsome double-door almira with mirror, bentwood bedroom chairs, chamber-stand, towel horses, lady's and gentleman's saddle, a set of single harness, dispense articles, cooking utensils, &c.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On MONDAY, the 1st December next, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Beach Road, Upper Colaba, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood plain and carved household furniture, best electroplated ware, rich crockery and glass ware, a handsome mahogany square pianoforte by Scheidmayer and Soenne, first-rate pictures and oleographs, table ornaments, &c., &c., the property of A. N. PEARSON, Esq.

The property is now on view.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 26th November, 1884.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 26th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by public auction at the Exchange Hall, No. 12, Apollo-street, opposite the Share Bazaar, several large consignments of continental goods comprising shell toys of various designs, 1 and 3 light hanging kerosine-oil lamps, duplex table lamps, hall carpets of various patterns, Bohemian glassware in variety, oleographs in gilt frames, opera glasses, various kinds of soap and perfumery, glassware such as tumblers, sugar, butter and jampots, porcelainware, such as tea and coffee sets, toilet sets, milk jugs, tea pots, cups, saucers, a large quantity of cut glass chimneys and numerous other articles in small lots to suit purchasers.

SALE OF COTTON.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, on account of the concerned, the undermentioned bales of cotton, saved from the wreck of the s.s. Galatia and arrived per s.s. Bessie Morris—

20 full-pressed bales cotton.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed by Mr. Jamsetji Nowroji, cabinet-maker, who is changing his place of business, to sell by Public Auction at his shop, No. 20, Kalbadevi-road, on SATURDAY, and SUNDAY, the 29th and 30th inst., at 1 p.m., each day, his stock-in-trade, consisting of very valuable and handsome french-polished richly carved and plain blackwood, teakwood, satinwood and ebonywood household furniture, handsome large size pier glasses in gilt frames, 2, 4, and 5 light placed and brass candelabra with shades, handsome gilt kerosine-oil hanging vase lamps, plain and coloured globe lamps, real Japanese and China flower vases and jars, &c., &c., the same comprises a set of teakwood French, polished telescopic diningtable in 8 pieces, teakwood and blackwood chiffoniers with mirrors, blackwood pier, side, round and oval tables, teapoys, lady's and gentleman's writing-tables, dressing and washhand tables with crockery, bent wood easy reclining, rocking, revolving and nursery chairs, several suits of teakwood and blackwood french-polished conversation sofa and bedroom couches of various descriptions and patterns, with cretonne satin damask and velvet linings and spring cushions, 3 and 5 seated ottomans, easy, reclining and predeaux chairs, Chinese and Japanese jars and flower pots, coloured and gilt kerosine oil hanging lamps and globes, triple, double, and sixlight wall shades with shades and drops, brass and plated 4, 5 and double light candlesticks with shades, ornaments and vases, 6, 8 and 36 light chandeliers with rich shades and drops, hanging mirrors, 9 light Tucker's hanging argand lamp, with drops, teakwood and blackwood french-polished almiras with plate glass doors, drawers, gown presses, handsome plated four-posts bedsteads, iron and child's cots, hatstands with mirrors, whatnots, side-tables, several pairs of globe lamps, one very elaborately carved ebony state easy chair lined stripped silk, opera glasses, &c., &c.

Catalogues of the full particulars are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 6th December, sale commencing at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Middle Colaba, in tents behind the residence of the Superintendent, Gun Carriage Factory, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved and plain blackwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glass ware, a sweet-toned boudoir grand pianoforte by John Broadwood and Sons, sets of English made single and double harness, lady's and gentleman's saddles, one Aden cow in calf (will calf about Christmas), half-bred English poultry, fat turkeys, pictures, &c., the property of Colonel STOCKLEY, R.A.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

Sale of valuable Landed Property in Cowasjee Patel Street, Fort.

On WEDNESDAY, the 10th December, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises.—

All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 663 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 206, and new No. 5070, old survey No. 4½6, and new survey No. 935, together with the tenement or building standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under No. 88, all which premises are situate on the east side of Cowasjee Patell-street in the Registration subdistrict of Fort and Colaba in Bombay and are bounded on the east by the property formerly belonging to the Government of Bombay and used as offices of the Commissary General and now belonging to the Land Mortgage Bank of India, on the west by the aforesaid Cowasjee Patell-street, on the north by the property of the late Nanabhoy Framjee Davur, and on or towards the south partly by the property of Muncherjee Pestonjee Wadia's sons and partly by the property of Eduljee Framjee and sons. For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 13th December, and the following days, sale commencing at 1 p.m. each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mazagon, opposite Hamilton's Hotel, the whole of the valuable furniture, &c., of the Hope Hall Family Hotel, consisting of handsomely carved and plain blackwood, teakwood and mahogany furniture, best platedware, crockery and glassware, a mahogany slate billiard table, by Thurston, with balls, cues, and eight light lamp complete, and eight-day clock by James McCabe, another eight-day clock by French Royal Exchange, a 15-day ormolu clock, 1, 2, and 3 light hanging and wall argand lamps, 6 and 10 light chandeliers, by Nash, table ornaments, flower vases, pictures, &c., &c.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On a date which will be hereafter fixed, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Marine Lines, the very valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood and mahogany household furniture, best electro-plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, rich table ornaments, real China and Japanese flower vases, a handsome English-built barouche in very good order, a handsome English-built mail-phaeton, a pair of handsome well-matched black walers, sets of double harness, gentleman's and lady's saddles, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c., the property of Colonel G. F. BEVILLE, Commandant, Marine Battalion.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 26th November, 1884.

N. C. DALAL'S DEPOT OF CHEROOTS AND CIGARS.

ESTABLISHED, 1872.

6, CHURCH-GATE-STREET.

OWING to our LARGE STOCK of CHEROOTS and CIGARS on hand, have this day reduced the prices to ensure a speedy sale. Smokers will do well to call and try our samples before laying in their supplies.

	Per box of 100.	Per 1000.
Dawson's	Rs. 1 10	Rs. 15 8
Thompson	,, 1 14	,, 17 0
Havannahs	,, 1 12	,, 17 0
Manilla Cigars	,, 3 4	,, 30 0
Do. Cheroots	,, 3 4	,, 30 0
Burmahs	,, 1 4	,, 11 0
Queens	,, 1 0	,, 9 0
Little Devils	,, 3 3	,, 30 0
Pondicherry Cheroots	,, 1 14	,, 17 8
Barrel shaped	,, 1 12	,, 16 8

"ROUGH ON CORNS."

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." Quick relief, complete, permanent cure. Corns, warts, bunions.

Cooper, Madon & Co., Bombay, Sole Agents.

BANKS

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SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.

DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.

LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.

DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

CHARLES LOWELL, Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL .... $7,500,000.
RESERVE FUND .... $4,400,000.
RESERVE FOR EQUALIZATION OF DIVIDENDS .... $ 400,000
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For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months, 4 per cent. per annum.
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CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

G. R. JOHNSTON, Agent.

Offices of the Corporation, Church-gate-street, Bombay, September 15, 1884.

NOTICES.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
THE ESPLANADE, BOMBAY,
Opposite the Polo and Cricket Ground and next the Gymkhana,
With a splendid view of the Sea and Malabar Hill.

THIS Hotel has been lately enlarged and contains first-class accommodation for Visitors and Boarders. Comfort, Cleanliness and Civility.

TERMS MODERATE.

The Hotel being a detached building possesses every advantage.

MATHERAN.
ALEXANDRA HOTEL
AND
PINTO'S HOTEL.
TO WHICH EIGHT BUNGALOWS ARE ATTACHED
NOW OPEN.

THE best known, and affording most comfortable accommodation to Visitiors and Families occupy Central Position, and are nearest to the severa points—Gymkhana, Church, and other Public Offices.

A GENTLEMAN with several years' Indian journalistic experience is open to an engagement, either to undertake the entire conduct of any journal or as Joint, Assistant, or Sub-editor.

No objection to take up the management or superintendence of any Press or News Office. Advertiser understands thoroughly the minutiæ of every department of a Printing Office and carries with him a good business connection. First-class references. Address "A. Z.," care of General Post Office, Calcutta.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TEAK LOG TIMBER.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of 100 tons of MOULMEIN TEAK SQUARE LOGS not less than 18 inches square and 30 feet long, delivered at the Company's Locomotive Depôt, Parel, Bombay, at the rate and on the conditions given in the specification.

The specification and forms of Tender may be obtained on application at the Storekeeper's office, Parel.

Tenders must be sealed and endorsed "Tender for Teak Timber," and delivered at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, by 1 p.m. (gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, after which hour no tender will be received.

Tenders will not be received unless accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000 in cash or Government Promissory Notes.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

ALFRED KING, Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 14th November, 1884.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY
OLD IRON RAILS.

THE Agent will be prepared to receive at the Company's Offices, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, up to noon, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th November next, Tenders for the purchase of 5,000 tons of old iron rails. Offers to be for not less than 1,000 tons. The rails to be sold are of various sections, and will be taken from the lots now lying in the Company's premises, Wari Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay, where they may be viewed on application to the Wharf Superintendent.

Offers must specify the quantity required, the rate per ton weighed over on the spot, and the period within which delivery of the rails will be taken.

Delivery will be made by the Company into barges to be provided and placed by the purchaser alongside the bunder or wharf, and payment for the rails must be made at the time of delivery.

The Company reserves the right to reject any or all of the Tenders.

ALFRED KING, Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 17th September, 1884.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the ANNUAL AUCTION SALES of TIMBER in the above Ghat Depôts of Kanara will take place as under:—

1. The sale of 14,420 khandis of Teak, 203 khandis of Blackwood, and 261 khandis of Junglewood at the Haliyal Depôt will commence on MONDAY, the 8th December, 1884.
2. The sale of 295 khandis of Teak, 32 khandis of Blackwood, and 934 khandis of Junglewood at the Kanigeri and other branch depôts in the Yellapur Taluka, will commence on TUESDAY, the 6th January, 1885.
3. The sale of 1,142 khandis of Teak and 930 khandis of Junglewood at the Singanhalli Depôt, near Mundvod, will commence on THURSDAY, the 15th January, 1885.

2. For particulars of the first sale apply to the Divisional Forest Officer, Haliyal, of the second to the Divisional Forest Officer, Yellapur, and of the third to the Divisional Forest Officer, Sirsi.

3. It is probable that the Eastern Deccan Railway between Hoobli and the G. I. P. Station at Hoodgi will be open to traffic by the 1st February next. Average distance between Hubli and the timber Depôts, 35 miles and over good roads.

W. PEYTON, Colonel, Conservator of Forests, S. C.

Conservator's Office, S. C., Camp Yellapur, 11th Nov. 1884.

A PRACTICAL TREATISE on TRANSHIPMENT and TRANSFERS. Including the following subjects:—

(1). Rail-terminations at river-termini (with 3 lithographed plans).
(2). Ferry-approaches (with 3 lithographed plans).
(3). Transhipments. Working and Procedure with specimens of appropriate working forms drawn up by the Author.
(4). Ferries (with 3 lithographed plans).
(5). Railway-shipments.
(6). Junction-transfers.

BY WILLIAM CHAS. BOYCE,

Late Ferry Superintendent, N. B. (State) Railway and Joint Transhipment Agent, E. B. Railway Company, at present Senior Assistant Traffic Superintendent, N. B. (State) Railway, in charge of Ferry and Transhipments.

Price:—Sections 1 & 2, with six lithographed plans, bound together, Rs. 7, in cloth flexible covers.

Price:—Section 3, Rs. 7, in cloth flexible covers.

The 3 Sections as above bound together Rs. 14, in half leather cloth sides.

Sections 1, 2, and 3 will be ready for issue about the 15th November.

Sections 4, 5 and 6, will be duly notified when ready.

Orders will be registered by BRUCE ELLIS, Printer and Publisher.

CALEDONIAN STEAM PRINTING WORKS, 1& 2, CHURCH-LANE, CALCUTTA.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 187 OF 1881.

PESTONJEE BEJUNJEE and RUSTOMJEE BEJUNJEE, of Bombay, Parsee inhabitants, residing at Dhunjee Doongersi-street, outside the Fort of Bombay, administrators of the estate and effects of the late BEJUNJEE FURDOONJEE, deceased .... Plaintiffs.

vs.

ABDOOL RAHIMAN bin SHAIK BUDOO, of Bombay, Mahomedan inhabitant, residing at Bangalpoora-street, outside the Fort of Bombay .... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decretal Order made in the above suit and bearing date the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, the following immoveable property WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION in one lot before G. H. FARRAN, Esquire, Acting Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his office in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the twenty-sixth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed plaintiffs and of the abovenamed defendant or any of them in the premises hereinafter described—that is to say, All that messuage, tenement or dwelling house, hereditaments and premises built on Government ground, situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, in the Bangalpoora-street, in the subdistrict of Mandvee, fronting Bangalpoora-street, on the west side, which are now in the occupation of the said Abdool Rahiman bin Shaik Budoo, and formerly assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 29 and now under No. 30, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 439, and bounded on the east by a public gutter or sweeper's passage, on the west by the said Bangalpoora-street, on the north formerly by the house of Hoosein Balloo Rajpoorker and now by the house of Borah Akbur Alli Sumsoodin, and on the south by the house of Ameen Vullud Baba Mikee, which said premises are described in the said mortgage and decree as containing by admeasurement sixty-four and seven-ninths square yards, whereas the said premises as contained within the boundaries aforesaid do actually contain one hundred and thirty-six and three-ninths square yards according to the plan thereof which has been prepared by the direction of the Commissioner in whose office it is now lying. For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made at the office of the COMMISSIONER in the Court House and at the office of Messrs. MACFARLANE and EDGELOW, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs, at No. 15, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 27th day of September, 1884.

G. H. FARRAN, Acting Commissioner.

FLIES AND BUGS.

BEETLES, Insects, Roaches, Ants, Bed-bugs, Rats, Mice, Gophers, Chipmunks, Cleared out by "Rough on Rats." Cooper, Madon & Co., Bombay, Sole Agents.

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	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Gent's Overcoats and Ulsters	Rs. 45 to 50 0	Ladies' Dressing Gowns	each 15 0
Gent's Deck Suits	each 10 0	Ladies' Bonnet Boxes	Rs. 8-4 to 11 8
Gent's Dressing Gowns	Rs. 10 to 25 0	Ladies' Straw Hats trimmed	8 0
Gent's Deck Shoes	Rs. 4-8 to 10 0	Ladies' warm Stockings	pair 2 4
Chairs, strong and light	Rs. 8 to 12 0	Marine Soap per tablet	0 8
White Shirts	½ doz. Rs. 22 to 30 0	Sun Umbrellas	each 4 8
Cambric Shirts	½ doz. 30 0	The Victoria Wrapper	each 16 4
Oxford Shirts	½ doz. 33 0	Rugs and Mauds	Rs. 13-8 to 33 0
Flannel Shirts	each 8 8	Gent's Undervests	each 2 0
Celluloid Collars	each 0 12	Gent's Seamless Socks	doz. 3 0
Soiled Linen Bags	Rs. 5 to 6 0	Pocket Handkerchieves	doz. 5 8
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Leather Portmanteaux	Rs. 15 to 21 0	Cambric Ties	doz. 3 8
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Warm Overcoats or Ulsters	38 0 to 50 0	Tan Canvas Leggings	5 8
Best White Shirt Bands	each 4 4	Money Belts, Solid Leather, with 2 Pockets	5 8
Do. do. Collars	,, 4 8	Money Belts, Pockets all round, from Rs. 2-8 to	4 8
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Cardigan Jackets, very warm	10 0 to 12 8	Morocco Slippers	3 8
Dressing Gowns	10 8 to 25 0	Brown Leather Slippers	2 12
Warm Lamb's-Wool Undervests	each 6 0	Brown or White Canvas Shoes	5 8
Do. do. Pants	pair 6 0	Cholera Belts, best Flannel	2 8
Brown Cotton Socks	per doz. 8 8	Champagne or Sodawater Taps	2 12
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Knicker-Bocker Hose, Hand-Knitted	pair 3 8	Travelling Pillows	each 1 4
Heather Ribbed Cotton	pair 3 8	Resais or Quilts	from 4 0
Gauze Merino Undervests	per ½ doz. 12 0	Scotch Mauds and Rugs	from 20 0
Extra Superior Gauze Vests	do. 15 0	Cambric Handkerchiefs	per doz. 4 0
Stout Merino Vests	each 5 8	Metal Soap Boxes	from 1 8
Stout Merino Pants	each 6 8	Sponges	from 1 8
Gauze Merino Pants	each 6 8	Sponge Bags	1 8
Warm Gloves	1 8	Rug Straps	1 8
Warm Mufflers	2 0	Leather Purses	2 0
Travelling Caps	4 8	Sovereign Boxes	2 12
Best Tweed Hats	4 8	Razors, ready for use	2 0
Best Linen Collars, all shapes	doz. 5 12	Shaving Brushes	2 0
Linen Faced Collars	doz. 0 8	Nail Brushes	1 0
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Overland Trunks, best make,	from 27 0	Military Hair Brushes in leather case	10 8
Solid Leather Portmanteaus	,, 40 0	Nail Scissors	from 1-8 to 2 0
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Soiled Linen Bags	,, 5 0	Vulcanized India-rubber Travelling Baths	16 8
Gladstone or Expanding Bags	,, 28 0	Waterproof Coats	7 8
Solid Leather Dressing Cases, fitted complete	,, 10 8	Air Pillows	4 8
Travelling Baths, with inside basket.	from 30 0	Air Cushions	5 0
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Deck Chairs, a large assortment, from Rs. 3-8.

Celluloid Collars, Cuffs, and Shirt Fronts.

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THE TRAVELLERS' OUTFITTERS.
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BANJOS WITH MACHINE HEADS.

	Rs. a.
Seven-stringed Banjo, with machine head electro-plated hoop and fittings, in case (fretted)	75 0
Ditto ditto with polished oak hoop, and electro-plated rim and fittings, in case (fretted)	65 0
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Ditto ditto with plated hoop and brass fittings, (fretted)	60 0
Ditto ditto with brass hoop and fittings, plain handle, in case (fretted)	55 0
Ditto ditto with brass hoop and fittings, in case (fretted)	45 0
Six-stringed Banjo, with machine head, walnut hoop and brass fittings, in case (fretted)	45 0
BANJOS WITH PEG HEADS.	
Six-stringed Banjo, will peg head, American pattern (Dobson's Patent), covered in at the back, in case (fretted)	75 0
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Seven-stringed Banjo with rosewood hoop, and electro-plated fittings, (fretted). Fitted with Wallis' patent screw pegs that will not slip, (in case)	75 0
CHEAP BANJOS, OF GOOD QUALITY, WITHOUT CASES.	
Seven-stringed Banjo, peg head, brass hoop	20 0
Seven-stringed Banjo, wood hoop, American pattern	15 0
Six-stringed Banjo, peg head, brass hoop	18 0
Ditto ditto wood hoop, American pattern	15 0
Ditto ditto oak hoop	12 0
Ditto ditto inlaid	12 0
Five-stringed Banjo, with peg head, brass hoop	15 0
Ditto ditto inlaid	12 0
PICCOLO BANJOS.	
Seven-stringed Banjo, plated hoop, machine head in case, complete	40 0
Ditto ditto with machine head and circular copper dome-shaped hoop, and brass fittings (Japanese model)	25 0
Six-stringed Piccolo Banjo, with peg head, rosewood hoop and handle, inlaid	12 0
Ditto ditto with brass hoop	10 0
Ditto ditto (parchment nailed on)	5 0
PICCOLOS.	
Cocoa-wood, with six German-silver keys and slide-head, in D or G, in mahogany box	25 0
Ebony ditto in D (without case)	10 0
FLAGEOLETS.	
Cocoa-wood, in D, with flute-head, six German-silver keys and German-silver tips, in mahogany box	25 0
Ditto ditto 2nd quality	20 0
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Each, Rs. 4 5, 6, and	7 0

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Per set	2 0
Do. Ebony	2 8
A substitute for Bones, the Distinet	0 4
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No. 1 Mahogany Instrument	50 0
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Concert Flute, in D, of Cocoa-wood with 8 German-silver keys and German-silver Tip, in lined Mahogany Lock Cases, by Boosey & Co.	100 0
Best English-made D Flutes in Mahogany cases, Rs. 50, 60, and	75 0
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A FIRST-RATE KEYLESS LEVER HUNTING WATCH in HEAVY 18-CARAT GOLD engine turned or plain case, with full jewelled movement, finest lever escapement, brequet hair spring and chronometer balance wheel, in polished walnut case, with spare glass and mainspring and a three years' stamped guarantee.

Or in stout crystal fronted 18-CARAT GOLD case at Rs. 170, net cash.

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THE CASH BAZAAR, LIMITED, will make an extensive and

SPECIAL SHOW
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NEW DRESS SILKS AND SATINS
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Including some of the choicest and
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In the most delicate and lovely tints, and of the most exquisite designs.
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In all the leading colours. This Material is most extensively worn over Satins.
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In the most beautiful shades and colours. This is a beautiful Dress Silk and well adapted for the climate, being particularly light and is also non-crushing.
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INSTRUMENTS SUITABLE FOR
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Seven String, Amboyna hoop, Nickel Silver rim, 26 patent Nickel adjusting screws and Nickel metal clamp to neck, Fret Finger board complete in cloth lined shaped case with clasps and lock	65 0
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Seven string, Dobson's pattern American Banjo, Walunt hoop and Sounding board, Brass screws and fittings, Fret finger board very fine toned instruments, in cloth lined shaped cases with lock	45 0
Seven String Banjo, Nickel silver wood lined hoop, Brass rim, 20 patent Brass adjusting screws, walnut neck with Fret finger board	30 0
Seven String Banjo, Brass hoop, rim, and adjusting screws inlaid finger board Machine head	30 0
Seven String Banjo, Nickel Silver wood lined hoop, Brass rim and 14 adjusting screws Fret finger board	25 0
Seven String Banjo oak hoop, patent rim adjustment, 20 Brass screws and Brass ring, Fret finger board	20 0
Seven String Banjo with oak or ebonized hoops, Brass rim and adjusting screws, inlaid finger board	10 0
Piccolo Banjos, Brass hoop and adjusting screws, six Strings	10 0
Tambourines, Twelve inch wood hoops painted, 12 pairs Brass jingles, Brass ring, screw adjustment, best vellum heads	7 0
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Professional Tambourines, very strong for knocking about, 12 inch 5 pair jingles, oak hoops, best vellum head	4 0
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Do. do. do. .... 9 do. do.	2 0
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Best finished Rosewood Instrument, the keys bushed (*i.e.* surronded with cloth to prevent rattling), in rose wood Box, an excellent instrument	95
Ditto highly finished, improved bellows, ornamented, silver-tipped studs in Rosewood Box.	125
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A large stock of German Concertinas of the best make, with single or double notes, large and small sizes, at from each	8 0 to 12 0
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A large variety, some with bell accompaniment.	
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Triangles and Strikers	3 8 to 7 0
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Cornets, strong, useful and perfectly in tune, complete with mouthpieces and crooks	35 0 to 50 0
A large stock of superior finished instruments at	75 0 to 125 0

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(SOCIETE L'ECLAIRAGE ELECTRIQUE, PARIS.)
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OUR PRICES DEFY ALL COMPETITION!
HIGHEST REWARDS AT ALL THE EXHIBITIONS
OUR GRAMME MACHINES have shown the BEST results at all Government Trials, at Woolwich, &c.

ELECTRIC MACHINES for 10 Incandescent Lamps			Rs. 350
Do.	40	do. do.	750
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PATENT WICK CARBONS give a steadier light han any other Carbons.

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BEST INVALID PORT.—This wine is carefully selected and guaranteed as of excellent quality and very highly recommended by medical practitioners for invalids and convalescents. Price Rs. 27 per case of one dozen quarts,

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,, Laffit }	,,	32 0	18 0
Mouton Rothschild	,,	32 0	18 0
Chateau Larose	,,	30 0	..
SAUTERNES.			
Sauternes, delicate flavour	,,	20 0	..
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BURGUNDIES.			
Chambertin	,,	30 0	14 [illegible]
Pommard, No. 1 quality	,,	22 0	12 [illegible]
Chablis ,,	,,	22 0	12 [illegible]
Beaune ,,	,,	22 0	12 [illegible]
Macon ,,	,,	22 0	12 [illegible]
Grave ,,	,,	22 0	12 [illegible]
HOCKS.			
Erbach	,,	17 0	9 [illegible]
Laubenheimer	,,	18 0	10 [illegible]
Neirsteiner	,,	20 0	12 [illegible]
Neirsteiner (Pearl)	,,	24 0	13 [illegible]
Steinwein (Glass Jugs)	,,	24 0	14 [illegible]
Liebfraumilch	,,	25 0	...
Ruddeshein Berg	,,	27 0	..
Steinburg Cabinet	,,	30 0	..
SPARKLING MOSELLES & HOCKS.			
Moselle, very Dry	,,	36 0	20 [illegible]
,, Full Muscatel Flavour	,,	33 0	18 [illegible]
Hock, Full Flavour and Softness	,,	36 0	20 [illegible]
,, Muscatel ,, and full Boquet.	,,	33 0	18 [illegible]
Claret, Sparkling	,,	27 0	15 [illegible]
Sparkling Burgundy, Red	,,	36 0	20 [illegible]
,, Sauterne	,,	29 0	..
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Carlowitz	,,	22 0	..
Carlowitz	,,	27 0	..
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Bellye Riesting	,,	21 0	..
,, Kadarka	,,	22 0	...
Somlau	,,	21 0	..
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Roederer's	,,	63 0	33 [illegible]
Pommery and Greno's	,,	60 0	30 [illegible]
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	,,	54 0	[illegible]
Perrier Jouet's "Reserve Cuvee"	,,	54 0	28 [illegible]
Parrier Jouet's, first quality	,,	49 0	26 [illegible]
Giesler's	,,	48 0	25 [illegible]
Jules Mumm's	,,	40 0	22 [illegible]
Swiss, extra dry	,,	32 0	18 [illegible]
SHERRIES.			
Amontillado, superior, very old & choice	,,	33 0	..
Amontillado, rich nutty flavoured	,,	27 0	..
Manzanilla, very dry and Pale	,,	26 0	..
Venede Pasto, a rich dinner Wine	,,	24 0	..
Dinner Wine, Pale & excellent light Wine	,,	21 0	...
Marsalla Virgin Pale	,,	15 0	..
Madeira, East India, very choice	,,	28 0	...
Muscatel	,,	..	18 [illegible]
Malaga	,,	..	18 [illegible]
PORTS.			
Superior Old, with fine bouquet Invalids	,,	[illegible]	15 [illegible]
Fine Old, good body and flavour	,,	24 0	..
SPIRITS.			
Eau de Vie, Hongrie	,,	60 0	..
Cognac, Superior fine old pale	,,	24 0	..
Cognac, Old Pale, a choice matured Spirit * One Star	,,	27 0	..
,, ,, ** Two Stars	,,	30 0	..
Hennessy's Brandy, * One Star	,,	30 0	...
,, ,, ** Two Stars	,,	34 0	[illegible]
,, ,, *** Three Stars	,,	36 [illegible]	[illegible]
Martell's Best ,,	,,	[illegible]	[illegible]
Exshaw's No. 1 ,,	,,	38 [illegible]	[illegible]
Exshaw's No. 2 ,,	,,	24 0	[illegible]
Mounier's Wine leaf	,,	27 0	...
Rum Old Jamaica, first quality	,,	21 0	..
Gin, London, Old Tom, Booth's	,,	16 0	..
,, Swan Booth's	,,	16 0	...
Dry Unsweetened Gin	,,	17 0	..
Hollands, Geneva, per case 15 large flasks	,,	26 8	..
Whisky, Kinahan's L. L.	,,	21 0	..
,, Scotch	,,	21 0	...
,, ,, Buchanan	,,	24 0	..
,, Old Vatted Glenlivet	,,	21 0	...
,, Encore	,,	19 0	...
,, Jameson's, *** Three stars	,,	26 0	..
,, ,, * One star	,,	23 0	...
Henke's Aromatic Schnapps	,,	16 0	[illegible]
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Vermouth Noilly Prat's	,,	14 0	[illegible]
Vermouth Italian	,,	16 0	..
Orange Bitter	,,	18 0	..
Ginger Wine, Best	,,	15 0	..
Orange Wine	,,	15 0	..
Quinine Wine	,,	21 0	..
Ginger Brandy	,,	22 [illegible]	[illegible]
Chartreuse Yellow	,,	..	[illegible]
Chartreuse Green	,,	..	[illegible]
Curacao, Finest Orange	,,	..	[illegible]
Curacao, White	,,	..	24
Maraschino De Zara, best	,,	30 0	..
Sherry Brandy, best	,,	..	17
Noyeau, assorted	,,	21 0	...
Creme De Noyeau	,,	..	24
Absinthe	,,	48 0	..
Benedictine	,,	..	36
Angostura Bitters, Genuine	,,	..	22
Eau de Vie Dantziek	,,	..	30
Do. Noyaux	,,	..	24
Creme de Cacao	,,	..	30
Kummel	,,	..	23
Cordial Medoc	,,	..	30
Anisette	,,	36 0	...
BEER AND STOUT.			
Beer, Bass's, by Stone	,,	5 12	3 [illegible]
,, McEwen's	,,	5 12	3 [illegible]
,, Vienna	,,	6 4	4 [illegible]
,, Pilsener	,,	6 0	4 [illegible]
Stout, Guinness's, by Burke	,,	5 12	3 [illegible]

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Do. No. 1	19 0	2 [illegible]
DAWSON'S PRIME	20 0	2 [illegible]
Do. No. 1	18 0	2 [illegible]
PASHAS No. 1	20 0	2 [illegible]
Do. No. 2	18 0	2 [illegible]
NONPAREIL	15 0	1 12

CIGARS.

	Per 1,000 Rs. a.	Per 1[00] Rs. a.
PREMIERS	27 0	3 0
REGALIA	24 0	2 12
LONDRES	22 0	2 [illegible]
FAVORITAS	20 0	2 [illegible]
PRINCIPES	18 0	2 [illegible]
CONCHAS	18 0	2 [illegible]

PONDICHERRY TOBACCO.

	Per 1,000 Rs. a.	Per 1[00] Rs. a.
LONGS (Cheroots)	[illegible]	3 0
INDIANAS (Cigars)	[illegible]	2 12
RAJAHS (Cheroots)	18 0	2 0

COCONADA TOBACCO.

	Per 1,000 Rs. a.	Per 1[00] Rs. a.
BABINGTONS	18 0	2 0
OFFICE	14 0	3 4

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